

ARMY

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 SEA AND AIR


NAVY

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This Week—

By M. I. N. I.

A member of the Senate Appropriations Committee said to me: "The most moving and powerful statement ever made before our committee was made by General MacArthur in opposition to the Taber and Connery amendments". Congratulations, General MacArthur; the Service thanks you.

The Committee will report unanimously against the two amendments. The Senate probably will take like action. But don't relax your efforts. Use your right of petition. Go after every member of the Senate and House. The skunk must be killed so that even the smell will not linger.

I agree with John Arthur Shaw, President of the American Federation of Government Employees in the statement that any move to lower government salaries is "nothing short of wilful neglect of duty on the part of our national leaders". There are ways to economize. Cutting pay is not one of them.

The Navy lost two able officers last month when Rear Admirals Jehu V. Chase and Frank M. Schofield passed to the retired list. They are entitled to the country's consideration. Will they get it? Not if such men as Connery and Taber persist in their efforts to deprive them of the stipend which they have earned by their service.

Maj. Gen. Chas. H. Bridges, also relinquished his office as The Adjutant General. He has been a tower of strength to the War Department, and has administered his office with unusual ability and efficiency. Particularly has he been tactful in handling Congress. Good luck, General Bridges!

Did you notice that Representatives Blanton and Connery were among those Representatives having persons bearing their own surnames employed in their offices? What would be said of Army and Navy officers if their wives or daughters were employed in their offices? Blanton continues after the "Lobby at the Army and Navy Club in Washington," and Connery is pressing his purpose to reduce retired pay. I suggest the House pass a resolution forbidding nepotism. This would interest the districts from which Blanton and Connery hail.

Senator Huey Long, the Louisiana Kingfish, is under investigation in connection with the recent Louisiana elections when his candidate defeated Senator Broussard. The latter filed charges. General Samuel Tilden Ansell is in Louisiana getting the facts. Look out, Mr. Long, an able, effective lawyer is after you!

In the hope that their suggestions will be acceptable, some members of Congress have prepared a cabinet slate for Mr. Roosevelt. They have proposed Mr. (Continued on Next Page)

Attention, Officers of the Army, the Navy and the Marine Corps

An united front is being offered by the War and Navy Departments to the enactment of the Connery and Taber amendments to the Army Appropriation bill.

General MacArthur, Chief of Staff, speaking for the Secretary of War, for the Army and for himself, has voiced his emphatic opposition before the Senate Appropriations Committee.

Admiral Pratt, Chief of Operations, is preparing to take like action.

But mere official denunciations and appeals are not sufficient at a time when Congress is seizing upon every suggestion to reduce the expenditures of the Federal Government.

Senators and Representatives must hear from home. They must be made to understand that the Public will not permit National Defense to be destroyed and the solemn obligations of the Government to be repudiated.

Some of you responded to the appeal made in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week to transmit petitions to the members of the Senate and House from your respective states. Others have not done so; they should act at once. More than this: Be sure and see the editors of your newspapers, the local units of the American Legion and other organizations, and prominent and influential citizens of your community, and ask them to protest against measures which constitute a betrayal of the men who served their country faithfully and gallantly and who now are living upon the pay saved up against retirement, and of the men in active service whose pay it is proposed to cut through the provision to eliminate enlisted and National Guard Service in counting longevity.

General MacArthur's statement before the Senate Appropriations committee graphically tells the story. Show it to those whose interest you solicit.

It is vital that not only shall the Senate reject the Connery and Taber amendments but that the House, by overwhelming vote, shall accede in such rejection. Such action will deter the renewal of the proposals in the next Congress, or at least pave the way for their defeat.

The War and Navy Departments need your support. Give it to them in abundant measure.

Marine Cut Doomed

Assurances have been given to members of the House Naval Affairs Committee by members of the subcommittee on naval appropriations that sufficient funds will be recommended by them for maintenance of the Marine Corps at its present strength.

Extended hearings were held by the naval legislative committee upon the proposed cut of Marine Corps enlisted strength from 15,343 to 13,600 provided in the 1934 budget estimates, and the group concluded that rather than a reduction the strength of the Marines should be increased to 16,000. A report to this effect, together with copies of the hearings containing recommendations of ranking naval officers urging maintenance of the Corps at its present strength, was turned over to the subcommittee of the House appropriations committee having jurisdiction of the Navy supply bill.

Members of this subcommittee, convinced that the Marines should not be cut, have told their colleagues on the Naval Affairs Committee that they will make provision for the maintenance of the Corps at 15,343 during the next year.

Praising the work of the Marine Corps over more than a century, Senator Robert D. Carey of Wyoming, speaking over the radio, Feb. 1, warned against any further reduction in the strength of that arm, as recommended in the budget.

"There are limits in reduction of our National Defense, beyond which we cannot go, even in the praiseworthy cause of economy, without endangering the Nation," Senator Carey declared.

General MacArthur's Testimony

General Douglas MacArthur, chief of staff, in testifying before the Military subcommittee of the Senate Appropriations committee Tuesday put the War Department on record as unalterably opposed to the two iniquitous amendments affecting the pay of active and retired officers.

The stand made by the Chief of Staff was determined and vigorous. He concluded with a declaration that the elimination of these two amendments placed on the War Department bill in the House of Representatives would, as nothing else, go far toward preserving the efficiency and morale of the Army and of according justice to its officers.

"Their complete confidence," the General asserted, "in the definite commitments and promises of their government is the cornerstone on which rest their hopes for material happiness. Destruction of that confidence would be a tragedy to them and a serious threat to the efficiency and effectiveness as of the Army of the United States. It would, indeed, break the backbone of National Defense."

Text of Testimony

The text of General MacArthur's testimony on the retired and longevity amendments follows:

My immediate purpose is to urge the elimination from the bill of two provisions, the inevitable effects of which will be so detrimental to our defense establishment as to overshadow completely the small amounts saved to the Treasury through their operation. They involve alterations in the laws affecting pay and retirement of commissioned officers. The exact wording of each follows:

"None of the funds appropriated in this (Please turn to Page 452)

Nation Demands Defeat of Anti-Service Efforts

With stiff opposition being offered by the departments and indignant protests flooding into Washington from all over the country, defeat of the ominous Connery and Taber amendments to the Army supply bill now appears likely.

General Douglas MacArthur, chief of staff, in testifying before the Senate appropriations committee on Tuesday blasted the proposals to cut into the retired list and to tear down the longevity pay system with a barrage of logic that left little doubt but that his listeners would stike the unjust provisions from the bill when they report it to the Senate.

It is probable that the bill will be reported to the Senate shortly. There it probably will have to await disposition of the Treasury-Post Office, Agriculture and Interior supply bills. When it reaches its place on the calendar, observers believe that the Senators will be overwhelming in their rejection of the House's plan to penalize retired officers and active officers who are ex-enlisted men and ex-National Guardsmen. It remains then to secure victory in conference and with the strong backing of the Senate and the increasing tendency on the part of members of the House to realize the iniquity of their prior action, elimination of the provisions may be expected.

But efforts in the field should not be relaxed. No effort should be spared to impress upon the members of the House and Senate the injustice of the amendments and the resentment of the country at the proposals.

The warning and appeal spread throughout the country by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL in its last issue brought immediate and resounding action. Officers, active, retired, National Guard and reserve, warned of the threatening proposals, began at once to present the facts to their Senators and Congressmen. Civilians did likewise, while from the newspapers and radio the echo of protestation resounded.

All is having its effect in Washington. Observers in a position to feel the Congressional pulse say that if a vote were taken in the House right now it would reverse its former stand and reject the iniquitous amendments, so convincing has been the personal information sent to them.

Senator David A. Reed, chairman of the subcommittee on military appropriations in the Senate, told the JOURNAL that he will work for the defeat of both amendments. "I shall do my best," he said, "to remove the limitation on retired pay which has come to us from the House of Representatives. As to the balance of the bill in the present state of the World I do not think that this is the time to make any more reductions."

Representative Taber, the author of the rider eliminating credit for constructive service, on the other hand, said that "the majority of the officers of the Army and Navy were in favor of his proposal."

"I've had a great number of officers come to me and offer to help put over (Continued on Next Page)

Press Sees Danger in Decline in Naval Strength; Urge Building Up of Fleet

A warning of the fact that the naval strength of the United States is decreasing in comparison to other powers is sounded by the editors of leading newspapers. Immediate building of ships to remedy this condition is urged. Some comment has been made in the press over the criticism of American battleships contained in the latest edition of Brassey's Annual.

"Our Navy is not up either to the absolute or the relative strength permitted by the treaties, and it is less immediately available for war service than either the British or Japanese," declares the New York *Herald-Tribune*. "Unless we increase our expenditure the disparity will widen. The situation calls for prompt and realistic action. If the Navy is not to be maintained at treaty strength, then national policies which assume a powerful navy should be correspondingly modified and curtailed; if, on the other hand, the nation intends to continue its historic policies, then the Navy should be maintained at the relative treaty strength. To do other is to court diplomatic defeat and national disaster."

"If we allow our navy to decline to the point where we have the least strength of any of the great powers," states the Memphis *Commercial Appeal*, "we might just as well abandon the idea of a navy and save the entire expense of upkeep. For, a navy that is not strong enough to guarantee us against wars will in all probability be weak enough to involve us in a conflict with some stronger power. Representative Vinson is invincibly right in trying to preserve the naval status of this country. While moralists and economists may be singing 'Farewell to Arms,' it is not likely that hard-headed leaders or citizens will say good bye prematurely. But they must have courage to resist the demands of both the selfish and the timid."

Anti-Service Proposals

(Continued from First Page)

this legislation," he told the JOURNAL. "They'd all be in favor of it if they understood."

In regard to the Connery amendment restricting retired pay, Mr. Taber said he was opposed to it as drawn. He stated that he might favor some form of proposal along this line, but saw much injustice in the measure as it is drafted.

Representative Ragon, of Ark., who led the fight to put the Connery amendment in the Army bill after its proposer tried to withdraw it, declared this week that he had no desire to have it adopted, but wanted to remove the restriction against retired officers who are employed by the Government.

"There is a rank injustice at present against retired officers who are in the Government service," said Mr. Ragon. "Here is General Martin, as distinguished a soldier as we have ever had, being discriminated against, just because his friends back home, think enough of him to send him to Congress. We should treat everyone alike. I think the limitation now in effect should be eliminated rather than the Connery amendment carried. That is what I would like to see done, and that is what I expect to be done."

A different view of the Connery amendment is held by Representative James, ranking Republican member of the House Military Committee and former chairman of that group.

"The Connery rider is a slap at those National Economy League fellows," Mr. James asserted. "And I am in favor of it. They have been sticking their noses where they don't belong."

Mr. James declined to commit himself on the Taber amendment, but revealed that he had written to the War Department for information as to its effect on the service.

Representative Thomason, of Texas, another member of the House military committee stated that he had not studied the Taber amendment as yet, but believed that it was unjust and was not in sympathy with it. He said that he might be inclined to favor the Connery amendment if it was redrafted, adding that he thought the limitation of \$3,000 too small.

Representative Carl Vinson, chairman of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, told the JOURNAL that he was opposed to both the Taber and Connery proposals.

In the Senate hearings protests against the measures were voiced not alone by Departmental chiefs but also by leaders of the other components of National Defense. Brig. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, chairman of the National Defense Committee of the American Legion, and Adjutant General of Maryland, and Col. L. Kemper Williams, Inf. Res. president of the Reserve Officers Association of the United States, voiced the emphatic disapproval of their respec-

tive organizations to the proposals to penalize retired and active officers' pay.

The JOURNAL is in receipt of a large number of letters voicing protests against the proposals and promising active support in the movement to defeat them decisively.

Brig. Gen. A. S. Felming, USA-Ret., telegraphed, "If Connery amendment becomes law Congress stultifies itself unless that amendment be extended to embrace every governmental employee and servant from President down including all Senators and Congressmen."

The New York Times, Boston Transcript, Washington Post, Philadelphia Inquirer and many others gave editorial expression to the nation-wide voice of protest.

This Week—

(Continued from First Page)

Collins for the war portfolio because he is "popular" in the Army and Mr. O'Connor for the Navy Secretaryship because he is so wet he would float a battleship. This is offered as a sample of congressional humor!

Some of the things active Senators have to do: The Vice President has named Senators Reed, of Pennsylvania, and Fletcher, of Florida, both of the Military Committee, to dispose of useless papers in the War Department. I suggest they should devote their efforts to useless amendments in Congress.

I was pleased to note that Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, who is to succeed General Moseley as deputy chief of staff, was a visitor in Washington this week. The General was househunting.

Another welcome visitor was Brig. Gen. Stanley Ford, enroute from his old post in Paris to his new one as commander of the 5th Brigade at Vancouver barracks. Incidentally, I hear that it will not be long before the General will continue his eastward trek, the next time to go as far as the Philippines for duty.

New Presidential Yacht

Plans for the fitting out of naval yacht for use of President-elect Roosevelt are being made. It was learned this week. The converted yacht Isabel, purchased by the Navy during the World War, will be the successor of the ill-fated Mayflower, it is understood.

The President-elect's known liking for the sea started the movement to place a vessel at his disposal and when the Navy's list was gone over, it was found that the Isabel, now with the Asiatic Fleet, was the best vessel available. The ship was purchased by the Navy before completion in 1917. It has a length of 230 feet, a displacement of 938 tons, its speed is 26 knots and is an oil burner.

Officials of the Bureau of Construction and Repair, state that they have no knowledge as yet of the contemplated use of the Isabel.

"All Americans who honor the name of Roosevelt will rejoice in the assurance of Franklin D. Roosevelt that as President of the United States he will insist that Congress provide and maintain that national defense which only an effective army, navy and air force can provide," says the Atlanta *Georgian*.

"Like his illustrious namesake and predecessor in the Presidency, Governor Roosevelt doubtless knows, from his own experience and his reading of history, that an effective national defense for a country situated as is the United States must consist of the following armed forces:

"First, a navy equal to the strongest in every class of combatant ship and superior in personnel and materiel to the navy of any foreign power.

"Second, air forces equal to the strongest in size and superior in defensive power to those of any other nation.

"Third, not the largest military establishment in the world, but the best-trained and the best-equipped—a regular army of sufficient strength to meet immediately any emergency, insure the timely mobilization of the national guard and organized reserves and provide adequate garrisons for our over-seas possessions."

"Once more the United States Navy League harangues the country about a parity that has become a disparity," comments the Worcester Mass., *Telegram*. "Although our parity in battleships remains virtually unchallenged, we are told that we stand third among the world's navies in auxiliaries. Since cruisers, destroyers, submarines and aircraft carriers are included in the category of auxiliaries, it is evident that the American navy has declined from its dominant position of 1922. * * * If we were faced with the prospect of a war, these statistics would be alarming. But perhaps the very reason why we are not immediately spending vast sums on warships is one reason why we are not faced with a war. No nation today can afford a war—not even Japan, which seems to be having one."

Resign From Navy League

Six outstanding members of the Navy League of the United States have submitted their resignations, it became known in Washington yesterday. Three resigned at a recent meeting of the board held in New York City. They are: Walter Bruce Howe, chairman of the Board of Directors and virtually the backbone of the league since the World War; William A. Galvin, secretary of the league whose familiarity with the Navy and international conditions have made him an invaluable asset to the organization; and Clement L. Bouve, a tireless worker in the interest of national defense. Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., and James W. Wadsworth resigned after the New York meeting, while Henry Breckenridge, former assistant secretary of war, resigned some time prior to the meeting.

The resignations at the New York meeting, it is understood, were submitted as a protest against the retention of William Howard Gardiner as president of the League. Mr. Gardiner, it will be remembered, was the official who made the personal attack on President Hoover last winter which resulted in a Presidential investigation and a White House demand for an apology. While the Board of Directors of the League at that time approved the actions of their president, it is understood that there has been a growing sentiment among the members for a more tempered direction of the organization's activities. Mr. Gardiner, it is learned, repulsed insistent demands that he relinquish the presidency. It was this action that is understood to have elicited the resignations.

The resignations are considered particularly unfortunate for the interests of National Defense, inasmuch as those involved were held in high esteem for their knowledge of the subject and their rational judgment. However, it is understood that there remains in the league a sizeable nucleus of officers and members who withheld their resignations with the avowed objective of working for a reorganization of the league and its restoration to the position of prestige and power which it formerly held.

Economy Bill

The Senate on Feb. 1 voted to authorize the Treasury and Postoffice Departments to save 5 per cent from their 1934 appropriations, but specifically provided that such savings were not to be made by pay cuts or furloughs. While this action might seem encouraging, judgment must be tempered by the understanding that the proviso was inserted on the argument that the Congress should retain full control and not relinquish any authority to cut pay or administer furloughs.

While the action at that time was only on the Treasury and Post Office bill, it may be placed in the economy section so as to apply to all departments, or else be applied to each bill separately.

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since Jan. 27, 1933:

Last promotion to the grade of Col.—Henry Hossfeld, Inf., No. 30, Page 130, July, 1932. A. L. & Dir. Last nomination to the grade of Col.—Milton G. Holliday, QMC. Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—Thorne Strayer, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Frank K. Ross, FA, No. 618, Page 161. Last nomination to the grade of Lt. Col.—Rufus F. Maddux, CWS. Vacancies—None. Senior Major—Lincoln B. Chambers, CE.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Charles R. Johnson, Jr., Cav., No. 2353, Page 167. Last nomination to the grade of Major—Marvill G. Armstrong, CAC. Vacancies—None. Senior Captain—Donovan Swanton, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Edward C. Johnson, Inf., No. 5818, Page 179. Last nomination to the grade of Captain—Cornelius J. Kenney, AC. Vacancies—None. Senior 1st Lt.—Winfield S. Hamlin, AC.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—Charles H. McNutt, CE, No. 8528, Page 139. Last nomination to the grade of 1st Lt.—Mason F. Stober, FA. Vacancies—None. Senior 2nd Lt.—Willard B. Carlock, Inf.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

Feb. 3, 1933

The following shows the name of the junior officer in the ranks indicated:

Rear Adm. F. J. Horne, Capt. W. G. Child, Comdr. Heister Hoogewerf, Lt. Comdr. L. C. Ramsey, Lt. E. R. Wilkinson.

Medical Corps

Rear Adm. A. W. Dunbar, Capt. J. G. Ziegler, Comdr. R. M. Lhamon, Lt. Comdr. E. H. von Heimburg, Lt. E. W. Stephens.

Dental Corps

Comdr. A. G. Lyle, Lt. Comdr. H. G. Ralph, Lt. E. H. Delaney.

Supply Corps

Rear Adm. J. J. Chestham, Capt. E. A. Cobey, Comdr. S. R. White, Lt. Comdr. D. F. Zimmerman, Lt. J. P. Burke, Lt. (Jr.) W. J. Laxson.

Chaplain Corps

Capt. E. A. Duff, Comdr. T. L. Kirkpatrick, Lt. Comdr. J. M. Hester, Lt. G. L. Markle.

Construction Corps

Rear Adm. H. G. Gillmor, Capt. J. O. Gawne, Comdr. F. G. Crisp, Lt. Comdr. A. S. Pitre, Lt. J. J. Scheibeler.

Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. R. E. Bakenhus, Capt. E. Whitman, Comdr. B. D. Spalding, Lt. Comdr. R. R. Yates, Lt. R. P. Carlson.

MARINE CORPS PROMOTION STATUS

Feb. 3, 1933

Last Commissioned Will make number in grade indicated on next vacancy.

Colonel

William P. Upshur R. B. Farquharson

Lieutenant Colonel

Ross E. Rowell Howard C. Judson

Major

Samuel C. Cumming Augustus B. Hale

Captain

John W. Cunningham Monitor Watchman

First Lieutenant

James F. Shaw, Jr. Carroll Williams

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Wilkinson.
apt. J. G.
Lt. Comdr.
Stephens.
dr. H. G.

apt. E. A.
Comdr. D.
Lt. (jg)
Kirkpat-
Lt. G. L.
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Comdr. A.
Capt. E.
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War Department Chiefs
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Front Row (left to
right)—Brig. Gen. An-
drew Moses; G-1; Maj.
Gen. John L. DeWitt,
Quartermaster General;
General Douglas Mac-
Arthur, Chief of Staff;
Col. Frederick H. Payne,
Assistant Secretary of
War; Col. Patrick J. Hur-
ley, Secretary of War;
Hon. F. Trubee Davison,
Assistant Secretary of
War for Aviation; Maj.
Gen. George V. H. Mose-
ley, Deputy Chief of Staff;
Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry,
Chief of Cavalry; Maj.
Gen. F. W. Coleman,
Chief of Finance.

Second row (left to
right)—Maj. Gen. C. H.
Bridges, Adjutant Gen-
eral; Brig. Gen. F. LeJ.
Parker, Chief, Insular Af-
fairs; Maj. Gen. Irving J.
Carr, Chief Signal Offi-
cer; Maj. Gen. Blanton
Winship, Judge Advocate
General; Maj. Gen. Rob-
ert U. Patterson, Surgeon
General; Maj. Gen. Step-
hen O. Fuqua, Chief of
Infantry; Maj. Gen. John
F. Preston, Inspector Gen-
eral.

Third Row (left to right)—Maj. Gen. Harry L. Gilchrist, Chief, Chemical Warfare Service; Maj. Gen. Samuel Hof, Chief of Ordnance; Maj. Gen. George E. Leach, Chief of Militia Bureau; Maj. Gen. John W. Gulick, Chief of Coast Artillery; Col. Alfred T. Smith, G-2.
Back Row (left to right)—Brig. Gen. Charles E. Kilbourne, War Plans Div.; Col. Julian E. Yates, Chief of Chaplains.



The Journal Salutes

This week the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL salutes:

Col. Fred D. Kilgore, USMC, who will sail Feb. 17 to take command of the 4th Regiment of Marines at Shanghai, China.

Rear Adm. Claude C. Bloch, USN, who has been ordered to command Cruiser Division Three.

Capt. J. A. Alger, USCG, who has been assigned as commander, Bering Sea Patrol Force.

Cpl. Alonzo McHarney, Co. C, 34th Infantry, and Cpl. Charles E. Lines, Co. G, 185th Infantry (Calif. N.G.), whose squads have been selected to represent their respective regiments on the Chief of Infantry's Combat Team.

Army-Navy Cooperation

By JARVIS BUTLER
Secretary, The Joint Board

"Coordination," "cooperation," and "elimination of duplication" are not new terms although seemingly stressed of late. As early as 1885 when the Endicott Coast Defense Board made a study of joint operations, and in 1889 the Gun Foundry Board investigated common requirements, thought was given to unifying activities in special fields.

After the Spanish War, however, the first constructive step was taken to effect general coordination of Army and Navy activities and eliminate unnecessary duplication. On July 17, 1903, The Joint Board was first established by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, as a result of the efforts of Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor, then Chief of Bureau of Navigation and a member of the Navy General Board, ably assisted by Major General Henry C. Corbin and Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss. On the same day its initial meeting was held (on neutral ground, in the reception room of the State Department) with Admiral Dewey as senior member present presiding.

The usefulness of The Joint Board was at once recognized by President Roosevelt and he personally directed it to study and report upon a current problem of vital concern to both services upon which independent and conflicting reports had been made.

From 1903 to 1913 many studies were made and approximately 125 reports, all unanimous, were submitted. In 1913 and 1914 the Board had begun to interest itself in the larger problems of National Defense, but before our entry into the war its activities were suspended by order of President Wilson.

National security is not a responsibil-

ity chargeable to any one or two Departments but is the function of the Executive, and all departments of the Government are involved in its discharge. It is naturally centered in those of the War and the Navy, whose forces have distinct missions and conditions of service requiring specialized equipment, methods and training.

Their objective is a single one, however, and after the World War with its lessons fresh in mind, the necessity for complete coordination and cooperation was apparent.

Accordingly, The Joint Board was reconstituted on July 17, 1919, to effect that coordination of policy and development of cooperation.

The Joint Board is designed to and does furnish the heads of the two Departments and the President with a competent advisory body. Its proceedings are characterized by a spirit of frankness, appreciation of the angle of both services and a broad view of the big questions before it. Its decisions are entitled to the highest respect due to the wide professional experience of its members and their opportunity to analyze and conduct exhaustive investigations of questions under consideration.

The Board holds the broad view instead of the narrower one of the specialist and, thinking for the services and the national defense as a whole, preserves the sense of proportion. All problems are given painstaking and frequently prolonged consideration with but one objective—to assure national security.

Members of the Board are designated ex-officio to insure continuity of representation and the benefit of members in positions to speak and act with authority on all questions affecting the policies of the two Departments. To preserve an even balance in membership it has no president or chairman, and a permanent civilian secretary is provided for. At formal meetings the senior member present presides, for parliamentary purposes only, and the membership includes:

The Chief of Staff,—General Douglas MacArthur.

The Deputy Chief of Staff,—Major General George V. H. Moseley.

The Assistant Chief of Staff, WPD,—Brigadier General C. E. Kilbourne.

The Chief of Naval Operations,—Admiral W. V. Pratt.

The Assistant Chief of Naval Operations,—Rear Admiral W. R. Sexton.

The Director War Plans Division, Office of Naval Operations,—Captain S. W. Bryant.

Special phases of cooperative or coordinated effort are under the initial jurisdiction of special agencies of which the Army and Navy Munitions Board and the Aeronautical Board are the most important. The action of these Boards in certain cases is required to be reviewed by The Joint Board.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Senator David A. Reed, chairman of Senate Military committee, declares that he will fight in the Senate for the defeat of the Conner Amendment restricting retired pay and the Taber Amendment abolishing pay credit for constructive service. Full text of the bill proposed by the Navy Department to regulate promotion in the Navy staff corps; "Industrial Management and Central Planning in U. S. Navy Yards," by Comdr. Ralph T. Hanson, (CC), USN; Naval Bases in the Far East; Detecting Storms by Radio; Analysis of effect of Taber Amendment on National Guard and Reserve Officers?

If not you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot get this vital information from any other source.

Where national security is involved efficiency must be paramount. The organization to guarantee that security, and its system of administration, must be thoroughly sound and capable of securing quick action.

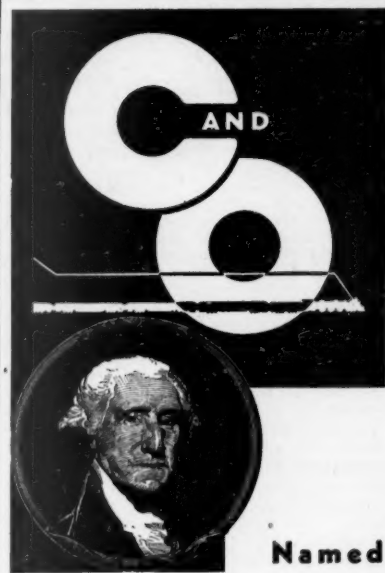
There can be no economy in maintaining an inefficient army or navy. No matter how little they cost, if inefficient they are a useless extravagance. In war and preparation for war, the time element is often the vital one and money spent to make possible an early victory is the greatest financial economy.

Rapidity of action is enhanced when the operating forces are complete in themselves and sufficiently decentralized to act quickly and with all possible economy. It should be noted, incidentally, that many existing peacetime units and installations will be so greatly expanded in time of emergency that present duplication is more apparent than real.

Increasing the complexity of organization, it is recognized, contributes neither to efficiency nor economy. Particularly is this true as between two agencies that are not at economic war with each other.

With responsibility for national security centered in the War and Navy Departments, efficiency, and all economy consistent therewith, is the objective: intelligent planning and operations the method, and The Joint Board the agency for attaining it.

(Next week's article will be by Maj. Gen. Ben H. Fuller, commandant of the Marine Corps, on the subject "American Marines Today and Tomorrow.")



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Lv. St. Louis (Big 4 Ry.)	(CST)	9:04 AM
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Lv. Indianapolis	2:10 PM
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THE UNITED STATES ARMY



General MacArthur's Testimony (Continued from First Page)

act shall be used for the purpose of paying any commissioned officer, active or retired, for his salary in which any service has been counted other than active commissioned services under bona-fide appointment and commissioned services in any of the military or naval forces of the United States, including the National Guard or the Organized Militia while in the service of the Government of the United States."

"That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay any officer on the retired list whose income is in excess of \$3,000."

These two provisions were introduced in the Committee of the Whole House as amendments to the bill as it came from the Appropriations Committee. No hearings on them were held; no committee investigated the desirability of their enactment; no War Department opinion concerning their effects was requested. They were acted upon hurriedly and without record vote, and certainly with little appreciation of the facts in the case.

Quotes Congressmen

Referring specifically to the first of these two amendments, a Congressman on the floor of the House had the following to say concerning the manner of its introduction and consideration:

"...but surely if the gentleman intended to change existing law he should have come before this House better prepared on his facts. There may be need of correction of abuses to which the gentleman from New York alludes, but the way to do that is by proper legislation, with all of the facts before us, and not by an amendment so far reaching in its effect as this would be."

"...Certainly we cannot wipe out an obligation to which we are honor bound, if you please, in addition to legally bound, namely, the payment based upon service and longevity. I submit that if there are any abuses through defect of the law, the matter should be given consideration by the proper committee. To come here blindly and endeavor to change the policy and law by an amendment, under the guise of a limitation, I submit is not fair."

"...I believe in a living wage, and a second lieutenant in the Army today is not getting a living wage. Now, let us be fair about it. After all, he must live. He has his obligations and many fixed charges he can not avoid. I know something about that. I am willing to go along on this bill and

economize, but I am going to do it intelligently, and I am going to do it upon facts about which there can be no dispute."

"...It would affect too many to take snap judgment on an amendment like this, under the circumstances."

From the very beginning it has been the unswerving purpose of our government to maintain the American Army, including the commissioned personnel thereof, as a true product of democracy. Our forefathers flatly refused to adopt the European practice of reserving military commissions for the sons of the wealthy and aristocratic classes. Instead they determined to fix rates of pay for officers on a basis that would permit any man possessing the necessary ability, character and inclination to enter the military profession without regard to social or financial standing. In furtherance of this same purpose, appointments to the officer corps have long been made on the basis of competitive examination, a system that is now used by the vast majority of Senators and Representatives in designating candidates for West Point.

The result of these measures is a corps of officers constituting a representative cross section of educated Americans. Each member of that corps undergoes a progressive and thorough military training. Salutory laws require elimination of the obviously unfit. The further result of all this is that the standards of ability among commissioned personnel have been maintained at levels at least equalling those prevailing in any other of the leading professions. On a comparative basis efficiency has been remarkably high; emoluments have been disproportionately low.

Retired Pay Vital

Since 1861 the laws governing Army compensation have been based upon the principle of combining a current salary supporting a reasonable living standard with a retired pay to which the officer becomes entitled, either through years of continuous service or because of disability incident thereto.

There are several compelling reasons for adhering to a system of this general character. One of them is its effect in avoiding wasteful turnover in commissioned personnel. Without a liberal retirement feature the officer, always on a meager salary, would be tempted to enter civil life whenever opportunity for immediate betterment presented itself. It is an obvious governmental extravagance to educate for the Army fine young men of upstanding character and

good minds and then have them resign because of an utterly hopeless future.

Maximum retired pay is fixed by law at three-fourths of active duty pay, but the actual ratio is much less than this, since upon retirement certain allowances which accrue to active officers are automatically terminated. The average pay of an officer after retirement is about 55 per cent of that he was receiving just prior thereto.

Laws governing active duty pay have always taken full cognizance of the advantages accorded the officer by reason of his retirement privilege. Consequently pay schedules have habitually been fixed at levels below those for civil positions in which equal ability and efficiency and unimpeachable integrity are required. This differential has often been far too great.

I want to make perfectly clear my conception of the officer's position with respect to the matter of pay.

An efficient army is a priceless possession of a government, while an inefficient army is the greatest extravagance that a government can have. The Army, therefore, requires that its officers be men of the highest type. Such men cannot be secured for a wage. They are not hirelings. Theirs is not a job but a career and a life-work of devotion to duty. But they have a keenly developed sense of justice.

Position of Officers

The officers and soldiers of an army are expected to consecrate themselves to their country, to subordinate their personalities, their rights, their privileges, and their opportunities to the good of the nation as a whole. In time of peace officers and soldiers are at a material disadvantage. They must give up the opportunities offered them in our country for gain and for prosperity in civil life. They often live in remote places and under trying climatic conditions that affect their health and the health of their families. They sacrifice what is very dear to everyone—community interests and associations. They are often socially isolated, not from choice, but because their economic condition prevents them from participating in the normal lives of civilians of the same education, character and attainments. They bear the expenses of constantly adjusting their family possessions to the requirements of new dwelling places. They must purchase costly uniforms as well as the normal outfittings of civilian clothes. They are at a disadvantage in the education of their children by reason of frequent moves, and are not able in the majority of cases to send their children to private schools.

Every man in this country has a right to aspire to the improvement of his scale of living. It is one of the blessings of our free government. Every man in this room has aspired to and no doubt has attained a better place in life, and Army officers are like the rest of the people. I believe that all public-spirited Americans expect the Army to be taken care of by the government in a way that is commensurate with the importance of their mission in this great country. They expect their officers to be given, by the government, a scale of living that will enable them to have self-respect and to be respected by their associates, and that will give the country and the people a sense of pride in them as their protectors in war and as the men who must prepare this country for war and lead it in battle.

With this background of the purposes and general character of traditional pay and retirement policies I take up first for specific comment the restrictions proposed in this bill upon active duty pay.

The current pay law was enacted in 1922, and more than any previous one is based directly upon the principle of increased pay for increased length of service. Due to the heterogeneous character of the active list at that time, Congress appreciated that a very unequal flow of promotion was to be anticipated, and that large numbers of officers were facing the certainty of many

years with little or no advancement in rank. A gradually increasing remuneration was devised as a partial amelioration of the inescapable evils of this situation.

Equalize Credit of Service

Also because of the non-homogeneous composition of the list, attempt was made to equalize credit for services of various kinds previously performed, and initial rates of pay were fixed on this basis. This introduced no new principle into our pay system. Cadet service had been authorized as a credit toward longevity for every officer who entered the Military Academy between 1832 and 1912. Enlisted service has been counted for the same purposes for about a hundred years. In addition, the 1922 law took cognizance of prior service in the National Guard and in the Philippine Scouts. Admittedly many cases of individual injustice were occasioned in this equalizing process, but in the main the Congress made the best of an intricate and involved situation. All officers of the pre-war Army were fully protected in previously accorded rights, while those only recently commissioned thoroughly understood the conditions specified in that legislation. Every officer has naturally believed that if Congress should ever alter the essentials of the policies then laid down or reaffirmed it would do so only after a full consideration of all pertinent factors, and in such manner as would not adversely affect the rights and privileges then proffered him.

There is ample evidence of the meticulous care the Congress has always exercised in this regard. When the practice of counting cadet and midshipman service for longevity purposes was discontinued by law in 1912 there were definitely excluded from the provisions of that act all men then included in our military and naval services. Again, in the general revision of pay laws in 1922 it was specifically provided that no officer should draw less pay under the new act than he was then entitled to under the old.

Leaving for the moment all questions of good faith and justice involved in this proposal, it is pertinent to inquire into the material sacrifices that would be imposed thereby upon the several groups most seriously affected. I have already commented upon the relatively low levels at which officers have always been remunerated. The general rates of pay in effect just prior to the beginning of the present economic depression were established in 1922. They represented very slight increases over the rates prevailing in 1908. When compared to the enormous salary rises experienced in other professions during the seventy-year period following our Civil War, present Army pay is far behind the schedules of 1870. A few random comparisons will clearly establish the very unfavorable position of our officers with respect to the pay situation.

In 1870 a Cabinet Officer received \$8,000; a Member of Congress \$5,000, and (Please turn to Page 454)

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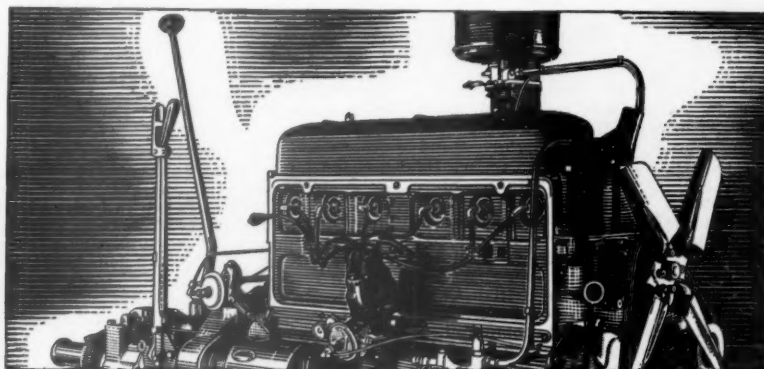
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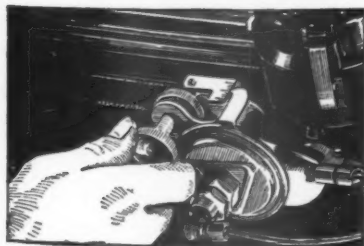
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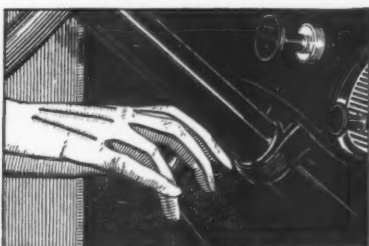
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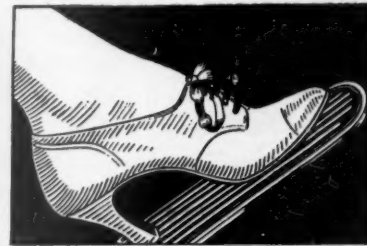
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THE U. S. NAVY



THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

General MacArthur's Testimony

(Continued from Page 452)

a Major General \$7,500. By 1925 Cabinet pay had risen to \$15,000, or an 87 per cent increase; Congressional pay to \$10,000, or a 100 per cent increase, and the pay of a Major General to \$8,438, or a 12½ per cent increase.

In summarized form I present here a group analysis of increases in various government services covering the period 1908-1928.

Services	Pay range 1908	Pay range 1928	Per cent of increase in median of range
Cabinet	\$12,000	\$15,000	25
Assistant secretaries	4,500	9,000-10,000	111
Congress	7,500	10,000	33
Judiciary	6,000-13,000	10,000-20,000	57
Foreign Service	1,000-3,000	2,500-9,000	187
Civil Service (clerical)	720-3,000	1,260-6,000	95
Post Office Inspector	1,200-3,000	2,500-4,500	78
Civil Service (mechanical)	601-1,878	1,327-5,333	169
Public Schools, D. C.	500-2,100	1,400-4,400	123
Army and Navy	1,870-9,538	1,719-9,700*	...

*Maximum permanent salary with all allowances.

In the Army the average increase, counting all grades, has been approximately 11% during the same period.

Compared With Teachers

The teaching profession has long been known as one of the most poorly paid. Disregarding temporary reductions due to the current depression members of this profession are paid in New York City the following annual salaries:

Superintendent of Schools..... \$25,000

Assistant Superintendent..... 12,500

Examiners..... 11,000

District Superintendents and

Principals of High Schools... 8,500-10,000

Elementary School Principals... 5,500-7,500

Teachers..... 1,608-4,844

No officer of the Army can hope to attain to the rates of pay indicated for the three highest classes of officials on this list. Only a major general can ever draw the salary of a high school principal, the fourth classification given above, and only a senior field officer receives the average pay of the elementary school principal, the fifth classification above. A Captain of fifteen years continuous service draws a smaller salary, even when counting all allowances for dependents, than the maximum provided by New York City for a teacher in its schools. A Second Lieutenant stationed in the field or in a garrison, and without dependents, must serve nine years to reach a pay level of \$2,500 per year.

Comparison with foreign armies reveals an equally unfavorable situation in the American military establishment. The only other country in which standards of living approach those of the United States is Great Britain. Since that country, like ours, also uses the volunteer system in her defense forces, a brief analysis of the military pay schedules prevailing there is pertinent to this discussion.

The normal pay of the British Chief of Staff, at regular rates of exchange, is approximately \$25,000, compared to \$10,419 in our own Army. In the British forces are a number of Generals and Lieutenant Generals who normally draw, when in positions of command, about \$17,500 per year. These grades are unknown in our Army in time of peace except for the temporary rank given the

Chief of Staff. A British Major General commanding a division normally receives some forty per cent more than our officers of equal rank. In lower grades the schedules are more nearly alike. The significance of this comparison lies in the fact that for every kind of position in the industrial and commercial fields American rates of pay are far in excess of the British scales. In some of the

trades and professions the ratio is as high as two or three to one. This applies also to certain civil positions of government. As an extreme example, the pay of a Member of Parliament is one-fifth that of an American Congressman and is about the same as that of a Lieutenant in the British Army.

Low Rates of Pay

By every standard of comparison it is plain that our officers have habitually served at extremely low rates of pay.

The amendment included in the bill as it lies before you would reduce, in varying degree, the pay of those active and retired officers with less than thirty years commissioned service in the Federal forces who have heretofore been credited by law with service of other kinds. Parenthetically I may remark that no Colonel, Brigadier General or Major General, or any other active officer commissioned prior to 1904, would have his pay reduced one cent under this amendment.

Two of the groups that would suffer most severely under this proviso are former National Guard officers commissioned in 1920 and others who have some years of enlisted service to their credit. West Point classes from 1904 to 1910 inclusive would be affected in relatively minor degree, but graduates of that school in the classes of 1911 and 1916 would suffer substantial present and future losses. The West Point class of 1903 entered the service under identical conditions as to kinds of service credited toward longevity as did each succeeding class to include the one graduating in 1916. The 1903 man has drawn longevity pay for thirty years for a kind of service that it is proposed now to eliminate, yet under the terms of this amendment he would suffer not one cent of loss during the coming year, while a 1913 graduate would lose more than \$1,200.

The general result of this amendment would be that on the active list the major portion of the sacrifice would be borne by men who were commissioned just before, during and after the World War. This group constitutes in general what is known as the "hump," every member of which had World War service. They face a bleak future now in the matter of promotion, and to add this additional burden seems uselessly unfair and unjust.

Altogether some four thousand active officers and about fifty per cent of the retired list would be affected. Among the latter group it is a tragic fact that most of those who would suffer this re-

duction have been retired for disability in the service of their country. One of these would lose one-third of his present pay. In the vast majority of all cases on both the active and retired lists these reductions would represent real financial hardship.

National Guard and Reserve

The effects of this amendment would of course extend beyond the confines of the Regular Army. Every Reserve officer when called to active duty and every National Guard officer serving his annual tour in camp would suffer a direct, and in many cases a very considerable loss in pay. Obviously these citizen soldiers increase in value to the government through their years of service in their respective components. Yet since this type of service is specifically excluded for longevity purposes, no Reserve or National Guard officer could ever have his pay increased except through the exceedingly slow process of promotion.

But beyond the matter of inequitable distribution of this burden among military personnel a further question presents itself. This involves the justice of requiring men in the uniformed services to make greater sacrifices than any other group of public servants.

From the officer's meager salary there is taken under the "Economy Act" 8½ per cent, a figure which now seems likely to be increased to 10 per cent. His rental allowance has been reduced by 10 per cent and that for subsistence by approximately 14 per cent. These two reductions we are informed will be increased for the coming year to 20 and 28 per cent respectively. Additional pay authorized for many years for mounted officers, for duty as an aide, for particular positions at West Point, and for other special assignments has been eliminated. In addition to the reductions enumerated, the Army officer, like all other citizens, is subject to general taxation. He pays Federal income taxes and many types of municipal and state taxes when living in a civil community. The net result of all this is that men in the uniformed services are returning to the government a far greater proportion of their normal salaries than is generally realized. In every case these contributions are greater than are required for other Federal officials and employees of equivalent authorized income. It is estimated that in the average case these contributions to government from the Army officer's salary run from 16 to 20 per cent.

Our commissioned officers regard all these sacrifices as burdens to be uncomplainingly borne in response to the need of the government. But in the case of the amendment now before you an entirely different picture is presented. They cannot help but feel that discrimination against them has been accentuated, and that this arbitrary action would constitute virtual repudiation by the government of a long-standing pact entered into with its sworn defenders. This feeling is not confined to those officers directly affected. Rather, there is general apprehension that this proviso serves notice of the government's intention to disregard prior commitments and promises whenever it may become convenient to do so. Should this apprehension change to conviction the effect in the uniformed services would be scarcely less than demoralizing.

Effect on Retired List

I will now pass to a brief consideration of that provision of this bill which denies retired pay to anyone whose income is in excess of \$3,000 per annum.

The army has been operating for three quarters of a century under laws which make pay and retirement part and parcel of the same general question. The retirement feature encourages continuity of service, and by eliminating superannuated officers relieves stagnation and avoids inefficiency in the active list. Active duty pay rates are too low to permit substantial savings from income, but the officer, as a partial compensation, is en-

(Please turn to Page 467)

New Rear Admirals

Capt. Alfred Wilkinson Johnson, USN, Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, and Capt. Frederick Joseph Horne, USN, Chief of Staff, 14th Naval District, became eligible for promotion to Rear Admiral, Feb. 1, upon the retirement for age of Rear Adm. Jehu V. Chase and Rear Adm. Frank H. Schofield.

Captain Johnson was born in Philadelphia, Pa., November 18, 1876, and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1895. He was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal for service during the World War in command of the USS Conyngham in the war zone and, in addition to duty as commanding officer of the USS Shawmut, USS Wright and USS Richmond, he has served as Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Department, and as Director of Naval Intelligence, Navy Department. In 1930, Captain Johnson was appointed President of the National Board of Elections, in Nicaragua, and upon the completion of that duty was ordered to command the USS Colorado, battleship. He reported for his present duty as Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, January 19, 1932.

Captain Horne was born in New York City February 14, 1880, and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1895 from the 10th District of New York. For his service as Naval Attache, Tokyo, Japan, during the World War, he was awarded the Navy Cross. Captain Horne qualified as a naval aviation observer in 1926 and has commanded the USS Wright, aircraft tender, and the USS Saratoga, aircraft carrier. During 1930 and the first half of 1931, he was Commander, Aircraft Squadrons, Scouting Force, and reported as Chief of Staff 14th Naval District, Pearl Harbor, T. H. July 11, 1931.

Navy Transport Sailings

Chaumont—Arrive Mare Island Feb. 4. Will leave San Francisco area about Feb. 18 for regular trip to East Coast of United States.

Henderson—Arrive Norfolk Feb. 4; leave Feb. 8, arrive Guantanamo Feb. 13; leave Feb. 13, arrive Canal Zone Feb. 16; leave Feb. 18, arrive San Diego March 1; leave March 2, arrive San Pedro March 3; leave March 4, arrive San Francisco March 6; leave March 20, arrive Honolulu March 28; leave March 30, arrive Guam April 12; leave April 13, arrive Manila April 19; leave May 19, arrive Guam May 25; leave May 26, arrive Honolulu June 8; leave June 9, arrive San Francisco June 17.

Kittery—Arrive Norfolk Feb. 2.

Philadelphia Naval Hospital

Contract for the construction of the new Philadelphia Naval Hospital, has been awarded to John McShain of Philadelphia for \$2,587,600. Work on the new hospital will commence in about a month and is scheduled for completion in 600 days.

This new hospital will be composed of a group of buildings located on a site of twenty-two acres, facing the present League Island Park in South Philadelphia.

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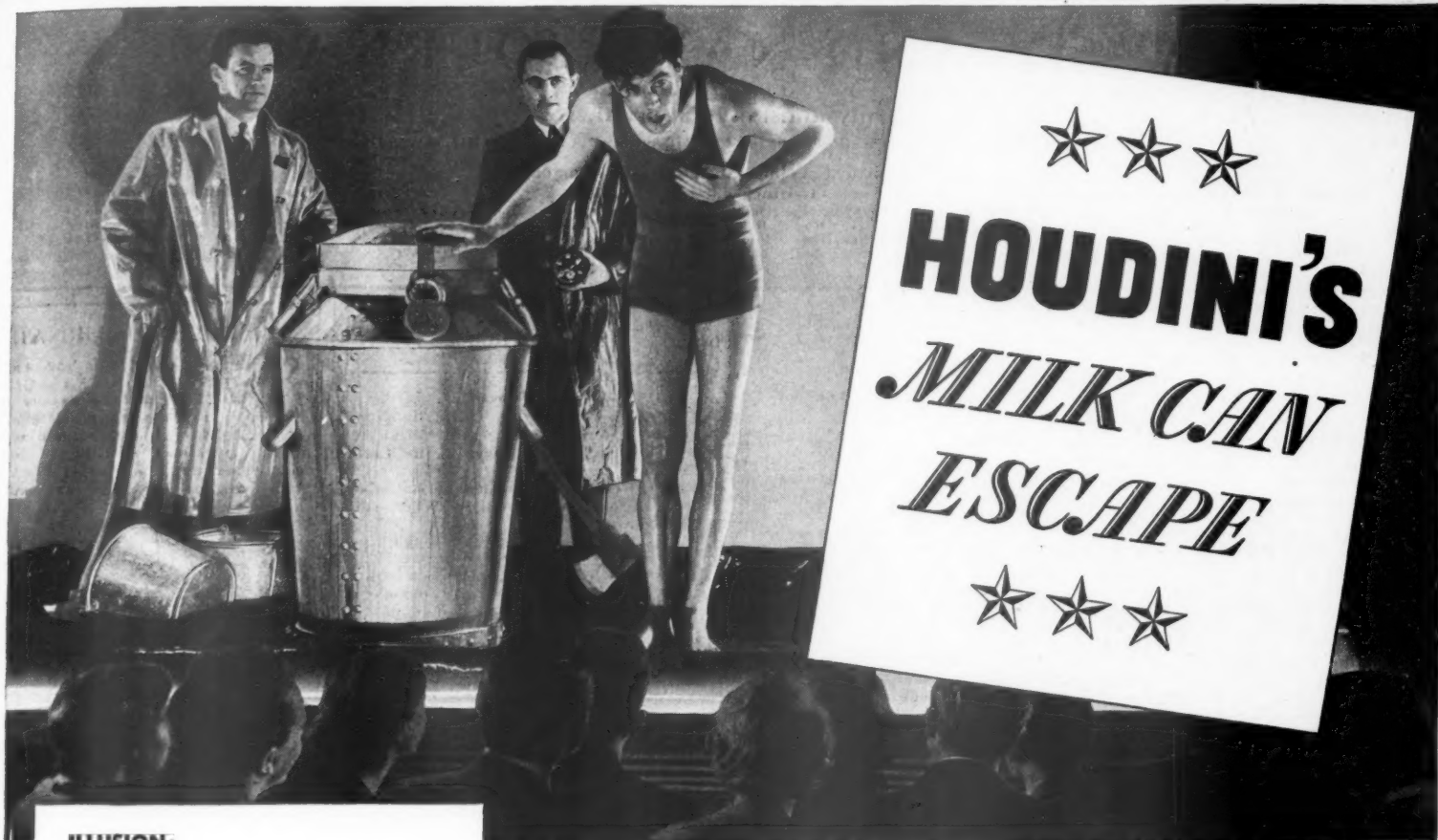
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ILLUSION:

One of Houdini's most spectacular escape feats was performed with a huge milk can filled with water. He invited persons of the audience to bring padlocks and lock him into the can. He got into the can, the lid was put on and fastened with several padlocks. A screen was placed in front of the can. Assistants stood by with stop watches and fire axes to save him from drowning after a certain time. About a minute later, the screen was removed, Houdini was seen panting and dripping...the padlocks remaining intact!

EXPLANATION:

The usual method of escaping from a milk can is as follows: The lid of the can is apparently securely padlocked to the lower portion, but actually the metal band to which the staples are attached is the top of a short inner lining. The performer, after being locked into the can, pushes the lid upward with his head and the short inner lining is forced out of place, permitting his escape. The screen is then removed.

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What exciting magic there is in cigarette advertising!

Let's look at one of its greatest *illusions*...that cigarettes can be mysteriously given superior "FLAVOR."

THE EXPLANATION: Just three factors control the flavor of a cigarette. The addition of artificial flavoring...the blending of various tobaccos...and the *quality* of the tobaccos themselves. Quality is the most important. Artificial flavoring can never wholly disguise the poor flavor of cheap tobaccos. The blending of several cheap,

raw tobaccos cannot improve the flavor of any of them. A fine cigarette is a cigarette blended from costly, ripe tobaccos.

It is a fact, well known by leaf tobacco experts, that Camels are made from finer, MORE EXPENSIVE tobaccos than any other popular brand.

This is why the Camel flavor has never been rivaled...why Camels have given more pleasure to more people than any other cigarette ever made.

In *more costly tobaccos* lies the secret of Camels' delicate "bouquet"...of their rich, cool flavor-of their non-irritating mildness.

It's the tobacco that counts.

All the natural goodness of Camel's tobacco is kept *fresh* and rich for you by the air-tight, *welded* Humidor Pack. Don't remove it. Its *moisture-proof* cellophane also protects your Camels from dust and germs. Put a pack in your pocket today.



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IN A MATCHLESS BLEND

CAMELS

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interests will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments.—From Vol. 1, No. 1, of The Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1933

".....The arms are fair,
"When the intent of bearing them is just."

—HENRY IV.

WE WISH THAT EVERY CITIZEN could read the testimony of General MacArthur before the Senate Appropriations Committee in opposition to the Connery and Taber amendments. It is convincing, of course, but beyond its appeal to reason is a ringing call to the sense of justice and the spirit of patriotism of the American people. It could be interpreted also as a solicitation of their self-interest, for General MacArthur properly called attention to the fact that the enactment of the amendments would "break the backbone of national defense". However, we hold that powerful as is the concern of the Nation in an efficient Army and Navy, there is a greater and more motivating cause which will operate to bring about the defeat of the Connery and Taber proposals. That lies in the certain refusal of the people to beggar or stint the pay of men whose deeds brought glory to the Nation and who now either in retirement or in active service are threatened with the burdensome and humiliating effects of condemnatory legislation. Nor can the fact be forgotten that the honor of the people was pledged by their representatives in the matter of retired pay for officers who continued in commission and rejected opportunity for greater emolument in civil life. Had testimony been taken by any body of men with reference to the Connery and Taber amendments, we have no doubt the proposals would have been pigeonholed. Brought out on the floor of the House, discussed by men who had no knowledge of their effect, and appealing ostensibly to the spirit of economy, the members present voted for their adoption. The Senate is observing a different attitude. Its Appropriations Committee is obtaining the facts, and, informed, unquestionably will recommend against acceptance of the House proposals. We may expect consequently a fight in conference, with, unfortunately, Collins and Taber as two of the House representatives. However, if our appeals for petitions to the members of the House to be effectively responded to, there will be no fear but that the lower branch will acquiesce in senatorial disapproval.

IN ORDER TO CAMOUFLAGE the real intent behind the Connery amendment, representatives who voted for it claim that it was directed only at retired officers able to earn incomes, and it is insisted that since a limitation was imposed by the Economy Act upon such persons employed under the Federal Government, it should be general in application and apply to those engaged in civil work. The further explanation is offered that there is no purpose to deprive any retired officer of the pay he is now drawing, and that only administrative interpretation could so operate. However this may be, the fact remains that the Treasury Department holds pay to be income, and the Comptroller General might deem it his duty to refuse to honor vouchers in excess of \$3,000. The mere possibility of such an administrative ruling ought to be sufficient to cause the rejection of the provision. So far as retired officers employed in civil capacity are concerned, Congress should understand that the pay they receive usually is inadequate for the support of themselves and their families, that it ends with death, and that unless savings made from earnings other than pay have been made, or meagre life insurance provided, the family is left destitute. General MacArthur truly says that this is the principal reason why officers retired for disability or age are forced to make civilian connections. If Congress refuse to permit retired officers to supplement the small stipend they receive, they are adopting the un-American policy of creating a class of do-nothings. Moreover, Congress should not forget that its own niggardly policy is responsible for the necessity which drives men to get private work. As General MacArthur pointed out the pay schedules in force which are slightly above those authorized in 1908, provided no such increases as obtained in every other walk of life and actually are on a level with the pay of 1870. It is a situation of this kind that calls for an upward revision of existing schedules and makes more unfair the pay freeze and furlough reductions of the Economy Act.

WHEN GENERAL MACARTHUR made the following statement before the Senate Appropriations Committee, he gave the country something worth thinking about:

"General Pershing's position as the pre-eminent American soldier of his generation is assured. He is the successor to our great military commanders of the past. As such he has been signally honored and substantially rewarded by the American people, a fact in which the Army has taken particular pride.

"In the British army Douglas Haig occupied during the World War a position equivalent to General Pershing's in our own. For his services to his country General Haig was promoted to Field Marshal, a higher grade than any in our Army. At the close of the war he was awarded a bonus of approximately half a million dollars in the form of a trust fund, the income from which was to accrue to his family through a period of three generations. In addition to this annual income which at 6 percent amounts to about \$30,000, he received during his lifetime an annuity of \$8,700 a year. Beyond all this he was created an Earl of the Realm, and there accrued to him all the emoluments and perquisites going with that position."

In the light of the above, the difference in the treatment of great leaders by Great Britain and the United States puts our country to shame.

THE DEATH OF REAR ADMIRAL SOUTHERLAND, USN, retired, recalls the high grade of service which he rendered when on the active list. Devoted to duty, he discharged every mission entrusted to him with care and fidelity to the National interest. He was one of the officers who saw the Navy at the zenith of its power at the close of the Civil War, who witnessed its decline and its regeneration. In its upbuilding, he played a large and important part. His passing will be mourned by all those who knew him. On their behalf as well as its own the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL extends heartfelt sympathy to Mrs. Southerland and the other surviving members of his family.

Service Humor

All Musical

Captain Byrns (to his high school daughter at supper one night)—"Did you ever hear of the Charge of the Light Brigade?"

Mrs. Byrns (who prided herself upon being a modern woman)—"Where did they charge it?"

(At the musicale Professor Scales was rendering the Euphony from Cornucopia at the organ while two ladies of the local social set were busily engaged in their afternoon gossip in a nearby corner thereby disturbing those who were attentively listening to the rendition of the masterpiece.)

Mother (closely watching the Professor's feet play lightly over the pedals)—"It must be hard for a woman to play the pipe organ."

Father (of a nervous temperament and annoyed by the women in the corner)—"True but there's always the mouth organ."

—Contributed.

More Notes

Little Robert (at concert)—"Mother, why is that man shaking his stick at the lady?"

Mother—"Hush, that is the orchestra leader; he's not shaking his stick at her."

Little Robert—"Then what is she screaming for?"

—Arkansas Arkite.

Not Tie-ups

Jo—"Where are you working now?"

Bo—"I'm a haberdasher on the railroad."

Jo—"What do you mean a haberdasher on the railroad?"

Bo—"I take care of the ties."

—Wednesday Nite Life, 110th Eng.

Congratulations

Joe—"My brother slapped Al Capone."

Moe—"I'd like to meet your brother and shake his hand."

Joe—"No, we don't want to dig him up just for that."

—The Hollander.

First Lieutenant Blank, counsel for the defense, had just pointed out to the court that his witness was not necessarily to be regarded as untruthful because he had altered a previous statement.

"For instance," he explained, "when I entered court this morning I would have declared under oath that I carried my watch; but later I recalled that I had left it at home on my dresser."

The trial lasted the entire day, and when the lieutenant returned home that evening his wife asked:

"Why were you so worried about your watch that you sent four privates here for it?"

"My word!" said the lieutenant, "what did you do with it?"

"I gave it to the first one that came. He knew just where it was."

USS Colorado Lookout.

How about that barrage of laughing gas? Send your bombs to the Journal Humor Editor.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given as soon as possible after receipt, either in this column or by mail. Questions relative to living conditions at Army posts or Navy shore stations will be answered in detail by letter.

Chicago—Col. Charles O. Thomas, Jr., Cav. (DOL), has been announced as Acting Corps Area Organized Reserves Officer, this headquarters, effective Jan. 14, 1933, and during the temporary absence of Lt. Col. John Scott, Inf. (DOL), Corps Area Organized Reserves Officer.

L. T. A.—Army Regulations 30-3000, dated June 20, 1931, became effective July 1, 1931, and Army Regulation 30-3000, dated May 28, 1932, became effective July 1, 1932. These regulations contain explicit information as to action in the event regulations are received after the effective date. These regulations should be on file at your post, and if not, they can be obtained from the Adjutant General's Office.

J. L. W.—You are at the present time number ninety-four on the eligible list for promotion to the grade of technical sergeant, Air Corps, according to information furnished us by the Office of the Chief of Air Corps, War Department.

G. H.—According to information received from the Office of the Chief of Air Corps, War Department, you were appointed to the grade of master sergeant, Air Corps, under date of February 1.

W. J. M.—According to information received from the Office of the Chief of Air Corps, War Department, you stand pretty high on the list for foreign service.

A. J. P.—According to information received from the Surgeon General's Office, War Department, you are number four on the list as a result of the examination held September, 1929, to be promoted to the grade of technical sergeant. According to this office the new list will be published in the very near future.

IN THE JOURNAL

10 Years Ago

Col. Charles D. Rhodes, Cav, has been assigned as Chief of Staff of the Fifth Corps Area headquarters, Ft. Hayes, O.

20 Years Ago

Capt. Samuel T. Ansell, Inf, is Acting Judge Advocate of the First Division, Eastern Department of the Army.

30 Years Ago

Lt. C. A. Seane, 3rd Cavalry, has been granted a patent for a disabling lock for ordnance.

40 Years Ago

Lt. Newton A. Mason, USN, has been elected to the board of directors for the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D. C.

60 Years Ago

The question of retaining the naval station at New Orleans is now under consideration at the Navy Department.

War Dept.
Organized Reserves



OFFICIAL ORDERS



Navy Dept.
Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

GENERAL OFFICERS

Brig. Gen. Samuel D. Rockenbach, having attained the age of sixty-four years, Jan. 27, his retirement from active service, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 27).

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, C. of S. The following for duty as students at Army War College, Washington, D. C., June 30, detailed as member of GSC, assigned War Department Gen. St., report C. of S. for duty: Maj. Henry D. F. Munnikhuysen, QMC; Maj. Fay B. Prickett, FA; Maj. George J. Richards, CE; Maj. Richard K. Sutherland, Inf.; Maj. Robert H. Van Volkenburg, CAC; Maj. James R. N. Weaver, Inf.; Maj. John B. Wogan, FA; Capt. Oscar B. Abbott, Inf.; Capt. Nelson M. Walker, Inf. (Jan. 31).

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPT.

BRIG. GEN. JAMES F. MCKINLEY, Act. AG Maj. Gen. Charles H. Bridges, from further assignment and duty in office of the AG, on expiration of appointment as The AG, Feb. 1, assigned to Army group with station in Washington, D. C. (Jan. 31).

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. BLANTON WINSHIP, The JAG Col. Edmund C. Abbott, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 28).

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOHN L. DEWITT, The QMG Lt. Col. Everett D. Barlow, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 27).

Capt. Richard Allen, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 28).

Capt. Wm. F. Campbell, from duty as student Army War College, Wash., D. C., July 14, detailed as member GSC, assigned to War Dept. Gen. St., report C. of S., for duty. (Jan. 31).

Capt. George F. MacDonald, from Camp Stephen D. Little, Nogales, Ariz., Mar. 31, assigned to S. F. port of embarkation, S. F., Calif. (Feb. 1).

Capt. George D. Gamble, from Fort D. A. Russell, Marfa, Tex., assigned Fort Thomas, Ky., for duty as assistant to qm. (Feb. 1).

Capt. James L. Alverson, from duty as constructing qm., Bolling Field, D. C., proceed to N. Y. C., sail for Panama Canal Dept. (Feb. 2).

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. R. U. PATTERSON, The SG Medical Corps Col. Robert H. Pierson, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 28).

Maj. Reuben A. Campbell, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 30).

Capt. John M. Hargreaves, from duty at Walter Reed General Hospital, AMC, Wash., D. C., Mar. 31, proceed to Langley Field, Va. (Jan. 30).

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. F. W. COLEMAN, C. of F. Capt. Edmund W. McLaren, from duty as property auditor, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., report cmdg. gen. 8th CA, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for assignment as finance officer, same station. (Feb. 2).

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. LITTLE BROWN, C. of E. The following detailed with OR, at corps area indicated, in addition to other duties: Lt. Col. James J. Loving, 3rd C. A., April 9; 1st Lt. James F. Phillips, 5th C. A., April 21. (Jan. 30).

1st Lt. Colby M. Myers, now in S. F., Calif., en route from foreign service from assignment to 29th Engrs., "Raritan Arsenal, N. J., assigned to Ft. Lawton, Wash. (Feb. 1).

1st Lt. Joseph J. Twitty, from student of Japanese language, Tokyo, Japan, assigned Vicksburg, Miss., proceed to Manila, P. I., sail Mar. 11 for S. F., Calif., on arrival at which place proceed to N. Y. C., and thence to Vicksburg, Miss., as assistant to President, Mississippi River Commission. (Feb. 1).

SPRINGFIELD RIFLE, MODEL 1903



Cal. 30, 8 1/2 pounds, 49 inches long, 24 inch barrel, assembled and refinished, without bayonet at reduced price, \$16.50. Ball cartridges \$3.50 per 100. Illustrated catalog, 1932, 264 pages, Army-Navy equipment, mailed for 50 cents. NEW circular for 2c stamp. Established 1865. FRANCIS BANNERMAN SONS, 501 B'way, N. Y. City

Maj. Wm. E. R. Covell, from Engineer School, Ft. Humphreys, Va., proceed to N. Y. C., sail May 4 for Panama Canal Dept. (Feb. 1).

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. SAMUEL HOF, C. of O. Maj. Walter F. Vander Hyden, from Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill., proceed to Wash., D. C., report Mar. 31 to C. of O. for duty in his office. (Jan. 28).

The following excepted from duty with troops of one or more of combatant Arms of Army, effective on date indicated and while assigned to duty at station specified:

Col. John W. Joyce, Springfield Armory, Mass., May 6; 1st Lt. Albert S. Rice, Frankford Arsenal, Pa., May 23. (Jan. 30).

Lt. Col. John B. Rose, from Pictinnny Arsenal, N. J., to N. Y. C., sail June 16 for Panama Canal Dept. (Jan. 31).

Lt. Col. Chas. T. Harris, assigned office of Asst. Sec. of War, Wash., D. C., on completion of present tour of foreign service in Panama Canal Dept. (Jan. 31).

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. IRVING J. CARR, CSO 1st Lt. Havin P. Roberts, from duty as student at Signal School, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., assigned to station at Washington, D. C., report Chief Signal Officer for duty with 17th Signal Serv. Co. (Jan. 31).

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. GUY V. HENRY, C. of Cav. 1st Lt. John G. Merrick, from duty as student at Cavalry School, Ft. Riley, Kans., assigned 2nd Cav., Ft. Riley, Kans. (Jan. 28).

1st Lt. Richard H. Bridgman, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 30).

Capt. Orland S. Peabody, Ft. Bliss, Tex., report Army Retiring Board at Ft. Bliss for examination. (Feb. 1).

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. H. G. BISHOP, C. of FA Maj. Emer Yeager, now en route to U. S., from assignment 5th FA, Madison Bks., N. Y., detailed Indianapolis high schools, Ind. (Jan. 27).

1st Lt. Hobart D. Reed, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 27).

2nd Lt. Edwin H. Eddy, detailed in AC, Mar. 1; from assignment 15th FA, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., proceed to Randolph Fld., Tex., Mar. 1, for flying training and duty at AC training center. (Jan. 27).

The following first lieutenants, instructors at FA Sch., Ft. Sill, Okla., assigned 18th FA, Ft. Sill, in addition to other duties: Edmund W. Searby, May 4; Arthur I. Shreve, May 16. (Jan. 30).

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. J. W. GULICK, C. of CAC Maj. Jos. R. Cygon, having been found by Army Retiring Board incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement, Jan. 31, announced. (Jan. 27).

1st Lt. E. Carl Engelhart, from duty as student at Coast Artillery School, Ft. Monroe, Va., on completion of present course of instruction, assigned to 2nd CA, report Ft. Monroe, Va. (Jan. 31).

1st Lt. Ernest B. Thompson, from duty as student at Coast Artillery Sch., Ft. Monroe, Va., on completion of present course of instruction, assigned to 32nd CA, Ft. Monroe, Va. (Jan. 31).

Capt. Philip B. Tallafiero, from duty at Georgia Sch. of Technology, Atlanta, Ga., proceed to N. Y. C., sail May 4 for Panama Canal Dept. (Jan. 31).

Col. Francis H. Lincoln, from 13th CA, Ft. Barrancas, Fla., detailed as member of GSC, assigned to War Dept., Gen. St., proceed to Wash., D. C., report C. of S. for duty. (Jan. 31).

Capt. Ernest R. Percy, USA recruiting office, N. Y. C., proceed to Walter Reed General Hospital, AMC, Wash., D. C., report for treatment. (Feb. 1).

(Please turn to Page 460)

MARINE CORPS

No changes were announced on Jan. 25 and 26.

Jan. 27, 1933

Capt. H. A. Ellsworth, detached 1st Brig. Haili, to Headquarters Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., via first available commercial transportation.

Capt. J. E. Snow, orders from MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., to MB, NYd, New York, N. Y., revoked.

Capt. O. T. Pfeiffer, detached MB, NYd, Pearl Harbor, T. H., to Dept. of the Pacific via first available Government transportation after Feb. 15.

1st Lt. K. W. Benner, detached MB, NYd,

Pearl Harbor, T. H., to Dept. of the Pacific via first available Government transportation after Feb. 15.

1st Lt. A. J. Mathiesen, detached MB, Puget Sound NYd, Bremerton, Wash., to MD, NAS, Seattle, Wash.

Chf. Qm. Clk. H. H. Rethman, detached MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., to MB, NYd, Pearl Harbor, T. H., via the USAT Chateau Thierry, scheduled to sail from San Francisco, Calif., on or about Feb. 8.

Jan. 28, 1933

Lt. Col. W. W. Buckley, on or about Feb. 20 detached Headquarters Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., to MD, AL, Peiping, China, via the SS President Taft, scheduled to sail from Seattle, Wash., on or about March 4.

Capt. M. V. Parsons, detached MB, Norfolk NYd, Portsmouth, Va., to MB, NYd, Wash., D. C.

Capt. J. L. Perkins, on arrival USS Lexington at San Pedro, Calif., detached MD, USS Lexington to Headquarters Marine Corps, Wash., D. C.

Capt. R. C. Thaxton, detached MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., to MD, USS Lexington to report aboard at San Pedro, Calif., on Feb. 6.

1st Lt. C. C. Brown, orders to Dept. of the Pacific modified to Headquarters Marine Corps, Wash., D. C.

Qm. Clk. Ollie Bissett, on Feb. 2 detached MB, NYd, New York, N. Y., to MB, Quantico, Va.

No changes were announced on Jan. 30 and 31.

Feb. 1, 1933

Col. F. D. Kilgore, detail as an Assistant Adjutant and Inspector revoked as of Feb. 17.

Capt. F. P. Mulcahy, detached AS, ECEF, MB, Quantico, Va., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Wash., D. C.

Capt. J. L. Perkins, orders from MD, USS Lexington to Headquarters Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., revoked.

Capt. R. C. Thaxton, orders from MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif., to MD, USS Lexington revoked.

2nd Lt. F. D. Beans, detached MB, NOB, Norfolk, Va., to NAS, Norfolk, Va.

NAVY ORDERS

Jan. 26, 1933

Ens. E. M. Brown, det. staff, Comdr. Battleships, Battle Force; to USS West Virginia.

Ens. A. L. Reed, det. Battleships, Battle Force; to temp. duty USS Tennessee.

Lt. F. P. Delahanty (SC), det. Nav. Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., about March 20; to Naval Sta., Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Bosn. Dewey Walley, det. USS Chicago about March 15; to Asiatic Station.

Ch. Elec. Michael Burke, det. Subm. Base, New London, Conn., about March 21; to USS Marblehead.

Jan. 27, 1933

Comdr. Sherwood Picking, addl. duty as Nav. Insptr. of Ord., connection USS Cuttlefish.

Lt. Comdr. G. C. Hawkins, det. Nav. Academy, Annapolis, Md., in Jan.; to Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. T. S. Hare, det. command USS Noka about Feb. 1; to c. f. o. USS Wando and in command when commissioned.

Lt. L. C. Parfitt, det. USS Kittery on March 1; to Hdqtrs., 3rd Nav. Dist., New York, N. Y.

Lt. V. F. Rathbun, det. USS Scota about Feb. 1; to USS New Mexico.

Lt. P. H. Taft, duty as engineer officer, USS Brazos.

Ens. A. B. Jones, jr., det. USS California; to communication duty, Comdr. Battleships, Battle Force.

Ens. W. M. Thomas, det. USS Tennessee; to communication duty, Comdr. Battleships, Battle Force.

Lt. M. C. Faber (CC), det. Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif., on May 31; to home, relieved all active duty.

Jan. 28, 1933

Lt. Comdr. W. R. Johnson (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C., about Jan. 31; to Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y.

Carp. H. L. Chapman, to duty USS Sonoma.

Jan. 30, 1933

Ens. N. B. Rhoads, to trmt. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Ch. Gunner F. J. Kalas, det. Deep Sea Diving School, Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.; to Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.

Ch. Mach. D. J. Kiely, det. USS Falcon; to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Ch. Mach. L. W. Knight, det. Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., about March 1; to USS Falcon.

Ch. Rad. Elec. M. W. Palmer, det. USS Colorado in March; to Office of Dist. Comm. Officer, New Orleans, La.

Ch. Rad. Elec. C. H. Ripley, det. 8th Nav.

Dist., New Orleans, La.; to USS Nevada. Ch. Pharm. M. E. Zimmerman, desp. ora. Jan. 20 revoked; continue duty Nav. Dispensary, San Pedro, Calif.

Jan. 31, 1933

Lt. Harold Bye, uncompleted portion desp. orders Dec. 1 revoked; det. USS Rigel; to command USS Koka.

Lt. J. B. Cooke, det. Nav. Sta., Guam; to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. G. L. Richard, det. VS Sqd. 3S (USS Lexington) about Feb. 20; to USS Lexington.

Lt. Comdr. F. W. Ryan (MC), det. USS Concord about Feb. 6; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. A. G. Tinney (MC), det. Navy Rctg. Sta., Portland, Ore., about Jan. 30; to USS Concord.

Lt. (Jg) F. L. Read (MC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Seattle, Wash.; to Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound, Wash.

Lt. Comdr. W. C. Carroll (DC), det. U. of Md. Dental School, Baltimore, Md., on Mar. 31; to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.

Lt. (Jg) C. F. Woodard (DC), det. Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., about Mar. 10; to USS Richmond.

Lt. W. H. Phillips (SC), det. USS Kittery; to settle accounts.

Ch. Mach. T. E. McDonald, det. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.; to USS Concord.

Ch. Rad. Elec. Samuel Taylor, ora. Jan. 20 revoked; continue duty Genl. Elec. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Ch. Pharm. D. W. Heagy, det. Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound, Wash.; to Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Ch. Pay Clk. J. L. Creekman, det. USS Kittery; to settle accounts.

Feb. 1, 1933

Comdr. R. S. Field, det. alde and flag secy. on staff, Comdr. Trng. Sqdn., Setg. Force, on Feb. 20; to Nav. Operations, Washington, D. C.

Lt. (Jg) R. B. Vannase, det. Office of Nav. Communications, Navy Dept., about Feb. 2; to USS Argonne.

Lt. (Jg) H. A. Baynton (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes, Ill., on Feb. 4; to resignation accepted, effective Feb. 4.

Lt. (Jg) O. J. Brown (MC), det. USS Raleigh; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.

Ch. Carp. H. R. Taylor, det. Rec. Ship at San Francisco about Feb. 15; to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.

Carp. H. L. Chapman, det. USS Sonoma about Feb. 15; to USS Beaver.

Asiatic Despatch Orders, Jan. 30, 1933 Lt. W. V. Hamilton, det. USS John D. Edwards; to Nav. War College, Newport, R. I.

Lt. J. A. Upshur, det. USS Whipple; to instr. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

Lt. G. R. Berner, det. 16th Nav. Dist.; to Dest. Sqdn. 5.

Lt. (Jg) C. Brown, det. USS Pecos; to U. S.

Lt. (Jg) M. M. Martin, disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., Canacao; to USS Pecos.

Lt. (Jg) M. V. Brown (MC), det. Dest. Div. 13, Asiatic; to 16th N. D.

Lt. (Jg) F. B. Kreuz (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Canacao; to Dest. Sqdn. 5, Asiatic.

Ch. Pay Clk. W. A. Joyce, let. USS Black Hawk; to 16th N. D.

Pay Clk. F. L. Baker, det. Navy Yard, Cavite; to USS Black Hawk.

Asiatic Orders

Lt. (Jg) J. H. Willingham, det. USS S-37; to USS-38.

Lt. (Jg) E. N. Teall, jr., det. USS S-40; to USS S-38.

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Effect of Taber Amendment on Navy—Anticipating the inclusion of the so-called Taber amendment in the Navy appropriation bill on which hearings are now being held, the effect of the provision has been carefully studied by members of the service.

The effect of this amendment if enacted into law in the Navy bill will be:

(a) In the fixing of pay periods, eliminate all service as Midshipmen and Passed Midshipmen. The Class of 1912 was the first to be commissioned Ensigns upon graduation. Prior to that time graduates were required to serve two years at sea as Passed Midshipmen and performed the same service that junior ensigns now perform. Although not fully commissioned they were officers in a qualified sense and were held fully responsible.

Beginning with the class that entered the Naval Academy in 1913, service as a midshipman was not counted for pay or retirement purposes, this in spite of the fact that midshipmen upon entry into the Naval Academy take the same oath of allegiance that they take when commissioned and are in every way subject to the laws and regulations of the Navy as when commissioned. In other words a midshipman could, in time of war, be executed as provided by statute. A midshipman at the Naval Academy ordered to sea in time of war does not undergo a change of status. War Plans provide for the immediate employment at sea of the first class midshipmen, and they may be so employed without being commissioned as has often happened in the past.

(b) Those officers of the Class of 1913 who are not promoted will be retired with 2½% of the base pay of the 21 year pay period (\$4050) instead of the 24 year pay period (\$4900). The difference is:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2\frac{1}{2}\% \times 25 \times 4900 = 3062.50 \\ 2\frac{1}{2}\% \times 21 \times 4050 = 2126.25 \end{array}$$

\$936.25

This will be a continuing condition with the retired members of this class because the law provides that the pay of an officer retired under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1931 (Britten Bill) shall be 2½% of their active duty pay (exclusive of allowances) at the time of retirement multiplied by the number of years of service for which they were entitled to credit in computation of their longevity pay on the active list not to exceed a total of 75% of said active duty pay.

To place them on the same status as other officers who have been retired under this act would require a modification of the amendment or separate legislation, although merely eliminating it from a future appropriation act would prevent its effect continuing as to others.

(c) Prolong the period of service necessary for voluntary retirement with the present remuneration from four to six years thus slowing up promotion.

(d) Prejudice the enlisted service of those who were induced to accept commissions during 1917-1918.

When the war started in 1917, young men were encouraged to enlist both in the Navy and in the Marine Corps with a view to gaining commissions under conditions which would not prejudice their enlisted service and Congress enacted measures authorizing enlisted men and warrant officers to accept commissions without prejudice to the conditions of retirement then provided by law for them. The need then was for officers and Congress was anxious to offer any reasonable inducement to get them. Many of these men accepted and retained their commissioned rank instead of reverting to their pre-war status which they were privileged to do. Now with the application of this amendment they are in a good deal worse situation than they would have been had they not retained their commissioned status.

(e) Reduce the rate of pay of all persons on the retired list to the basis of the pay period to which their commissioned service only would entitle them. This makes no exception of those who have been retired for physical disability. More than 60% of the officers on the retired list have been retired for physical disability and many of them are restricted to living in certain climates and all are restricted by law to the business pursuits which they can follow. It is certain that the application of this amendment to the retired list would work severe hardships upon officers who have completed their contract with the government. No exception is made in the cases of those who are in a state of complete disability and there are no circumstances under which a retired officer of the regular service can accept benefits from the Veterans' Bureau.

Integrity of the Marine Corps—It is interesting to note that in the study made by the representatives of the War and Navy Departments into the possible points of overlapping between the services particular note was made of the Marine Corps with the result that the investigators found that its duties are now being performed most economically and could not with efficiency be taken over by any other arm of National Defense. The whole general study (reported in the Army and Navy Journal of Jan. 21, 1933) was made by Rear Adm. Ridley McLean, USN, and Lt. Col. Irving J. Phillipson, USA, who were assisted in studying the Marine Corps by a sub-committee composed of Maj. Gen. J. T. Myers, USMC, chairman; Col. Douglass C. McDougal, USMC; Capt. R. L. Ghormley, USN; Lt. Col. Thomas A. Terry, GSC, USA, and Maj. Herbert E. Marshall, Inf., USA.

The sub-committee reviewed the Marine Corps as an amphibious service, performing certain essential duties in the Navy service efficiently and economically. Were the Marine Corps to be removed or replaced by one of the other services these duties would still have to be performed with no visible decrease in expense, it was pointed out. It is the approved policy of the General Board of the Navy that certain duties shall be performed by Marines as a necessary part in the execution of the Navy's mission. Any body of men replacing marines, the sub-committee believes, would have to be trained along the same lines, which would result, in effect, in the formation of another Marine Corps by whatever name one might choose to call it.

Inasmuch as the duties performed by the Marine Corps are specifically as laid down in the naval policy of the General Board, there did not appear to the sub-committee to be any overlapping of the duties of any other branch of the service, any more than exists between the different branches of the Army.

The special feature of consideration in this study is the broad question of abolition of the Marine Corps and substitution thereof of a detachment from either the Army or Navy. Specific questions of overlap or duplication were covered under other general functional reports submitted at the same time. The Marine Corps performs an essential specialized function in our national defense which cannot be performed by land forces without special life-time training now obtained by the Marines, it was said. In this event by substituting a detachment of the Army for the Marine Corps would merely replace the Marine Corps under a different name, they point out, while similarly, replacement by enlisted men of the Navy would require special life-time military training and experience, both

of the officers and the men detailed to such duty. This would lead to the same final result as noted above at an increased cost due to the higher pay of naval personnel. Either alternative would be less efficient than the present admirable, efficient and highly trained Marine Corps with its history, its esprit and traditions, they say.

The only field viewed as holding any promise for further savings is through coordinated effort in supply of the Marine Corps stationed on shore. The investigators believe that further study along the line of joint employment of land facilities between the Army and the Marine Corps might indicate some minor economies which will not interfere with the efficient operation of the two services.

Army Chaplains Notes—1st Lt. Henry William Koelling, Ch-Res., has been awarded the Purple Heart on account of wound received in action Sept. 30, 1918, while serving as chaplain of the 371st Infantry.

Chaplains Howard E. Snyder, Harris E. Starr and Arlington A. McCallum met in the office of the Chief of Chaplains Jan. 26, to discuss various matters connected with the 1933 Association Convention.

At the new Post Chapel, Presidio of San Francisco recently, colors and standards of the 1st, 2nd, 9th, 12th, 16th, 18th, 21st, 24th and 30th Infantry, the 1st, 6th, 9th, 11th and 14th Cavalry, and the 91st Observation Squadron were presented, accepted and dedicated at the regular hour of morning worship. Col. Charles R. Stone, Jr., Inf., is the Commanding Officer and Chaplain George F. Rixey the Post Chaplain.

The Army Chaplain, Vol. III, No. 3, was mailed to all members of the Association last week. It is a good copy and carries the unabridged annual report of the Chief of Chaplains for 1932. The report on vocational and educational counseling given at the C.M.T. Camp, Fort Winfield Scott, by Rev. H. A. Shuder, Ch-Res., is worth serious study. It might well be an inspiration to all chaplains on duty at summer training camps. Speaking again of the paper itself it may not be generally known that the print job is done by the boys at Tressler Orphans' Home, Loyola, Pa.

"While actively engaged in duties at Ft. Monroe, Va.," reports a circular letter from the office of the Chief of Chaplains, "at a time when that post was temporarily without a regular chaplain, Colonel Edmund P. Easterbrook, Chief of Chaplains from April 7, 1928 to December 22, 1929, was suddenly called to his reward by death on January 18, 1933. The shock of bereavement is felt by the whole Chaplains Corps. The record of Chaplain Easterbrook reveals a vigorous, aggressive service and shows him as veteran of two wars, the Spanish-American and the World War. He also served with the American Forces in Germany after the Armistice. He was appointed a chaplain in the Regular Army in 1900. In addition to his war service already noted, he served in the Philippines, at Vancouver Barracks and Forts Flagler and Worden, Wash., Fort Monroe, Va., Fort Sam Houston, Tex., and finally at Washington, D. C., when he became chief of the corps in 1928. To summarize, with no attempt at eulogy, Chaplain Easterbrook was an educated and cultured gentleman, approachable and friendly, effective and devoted and an excellent officer. Funeral services were held at Fort Monroe and interment was in Arlington National Cemetery on Saturday, Jan. 21, 1933. The Chief of Chaplains read the committal service. The honorary pall bearers were all chaplains. Deep sympathy is extended to members of the bereaved family."

Navy Selection Board—A Selection Board of which Rear Adm. Harris Laning, USN, is President, convened at the Navy Department Feb. 1 to recommend 44 officers of the Line of the Navy with the rank of Lieutenant Commander for promotion to Commander. In addition to Admiral H. Laning, who is President of the Naval War College, Newport, R. I., the members of the board are: Rear Adm. James J. Raby, USN, Commandant 6th Naval District, also Comdt. 7th Naval District, Charleston, S. C.; Rear Adm. Arthur J. Hepburn, USN, Naval Operations, Navy Department; Rear Adm. Clarence S. Kempff, USN, Commandant, Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.; Rear Admiral George T. Pettengill, USN, Commanding Submarine Base, New London, Conn.; additional duty in command of submarines and attending craft based thereon and Inspector of Ordnance in Charge, Naval Mine Depot, New London, Conn.; Rear Adm. Cyrus W. Cole, USN, Division Fleet Training, Naval Operations, Navy Department; Rear Adm. Adolphus E. Watson, USN, General Board, Navy Department; Rear Admiral Harry L. Brinser, USN, in charge Navy Yard Division, Navy Department, and Rear Adm. Edgar B. Larimer, USN, Chief, Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department. Comdr. Robert H. Skelton, USN, Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., is recorder of the board.

Health of the Army—Maj. Gen. Robert U. Patterson, Surgeon General of the Army, in a review of the health of the Army in the United States for the Calendar Year 1932 reports that the general admission rate for 1932 for the United States was 667 per 1000 as compared with 664 during 1931 and 626 in 1930. For each of the first nine months of the year, this rate was lower than in 1931 and in October it was about the same. In November, however, a rise started due to the prevalence of acute respiratory diseases which continued throughout December, reaching 1138 per 1000 during the latter month. Even with this enormous rate, the rate per annum was only slightly higher than in the previous year. The admission rate in the Seventh Corps Area was the highest (761), with the Eighth Corps Area second (747); while the admission rate was lowest in the Ninth Corps (584), and next lowest in the Fourth (662). In 1931 the Third and Fourth Corps Areas were the highest, and the Fifth and Ninth the lowest.

Noneffective rate—The rate for the year was 32.6 per 1000, a reduction from 34.1 in 1931 and 33.4 in 1930. This reduction was due to the fact that during the epidemic of acute respiratory diseases in the latter part of the year, an enormous number of cases were admitted to sick report but remained only a few days.

Respiratory diseases—The rate for the year for total respiratory diseases was 222 as compared with 194 in 1931 and 131 in 1930. This high rate was due to a seasonal rise during January, February, and March, and a wide-spread epidemic during the last six weeks of the year, reaching a rate of 742 for December. A study of the incidence of cases in this epidemic throws very little light on the situation as the outbreak occurred all over the country at very nearly the same time.

There were 217 cases of primary pneumonia and 44 cases of secondarily as compared with 201 primary and 73 secondarily in 1931. Thus it will be seen that there were 13 fewer cases of pneumonia during the year. Forty-one deaths occurred which were chargeable to pneumonia and influenza.

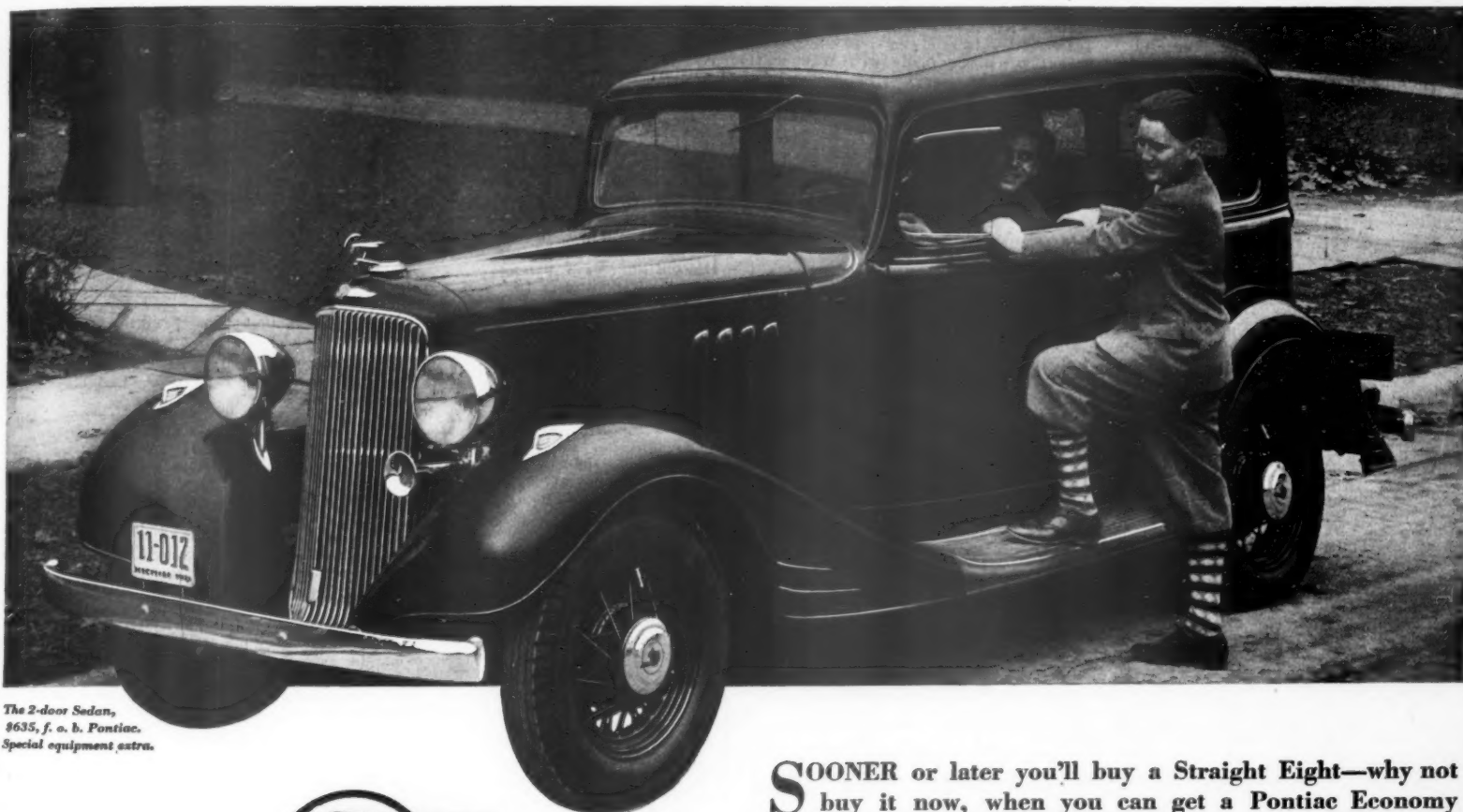
Field Artillery Extension Courses—The Extension Course of the Field Artillery School, which is the publications section for all literature prepared at the school, now is engaged in the revision of six texts, the preparation of five more, and the revision of twelve subcourses.

The name of this department occasionally gives the impression that the courses

(Please turn to Page 460)

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A G E N E R A L M O T O R S V A L U E

News and Gossip

(Continued from Page 458)

can be obtained by writing the school. Instruction in the Field Artillery, however, is governed by the same War Department regulations as control that of the other arms, and it is necessary for those seeking subcourses to obtain them through the headquarters of the Corps Area in which they reside or are stationed. The texts, however, are available at the Book Department of the Field Artillery School. A list of the texts can be obtained from that department.

The textbook most recently completed at the school is Field Artillery Book 184, "Electricity and Radio", which was prepared by the Tactics-Department Communication Section, and was arranged, illustrated and edited by the Extension Course. This volume is an elementary text, designed for resident instruction in the Enlisted Specialists communication course. It contains so much of the rudiments of electrical theory as will serve to introduce the subject of army radio sets. This book contains approximately 250 pages, with 130 illustrations.

Cooperation between Air Services—In accordance with the recommendations made by the joint committee of the War and Navy Departments studying possible phases of service overlapping, additional studies probably will be made with a view to determining further lines along which the air forces of the services may cooperate. The sub-committee which worked on the recent study was composed of Comdr. R. D. Weyerbacher, (CC), USN, chairman; Col. Glen I. Jones, MC, USA; Col. John D. Reardan, GSC, USA; Maj. Lealie MacDill, AC, USA; Maj. Hugh J. Knerr, AC, USA; Maj. Hugh Mitchell, SC, USA; Maj. R. S. Geiger, USMC; Comdr. M. A. Mitscher, USN; Lt. Comdr. J. J. White, (MC), USN; Comdr. H. C. Wick, USN; and Lt. Comdr. R. E. Thomas (GEC) USN.

After weighing the advantages and disadvantages the subcommittee reported that a single Department for Air will not serve the interests of economy in peacetime administration or promote the efficiency of the National Defense. It also further found that many of the advantages of a single Department for Air may be secured under the existing departmental set-up by an extension of the present efforts towards coordination of the two services.

The subcommittee believed that the closest cooperation and coordination of effort should exist between the Air Services of the different military arms, and is convinced from its study of the subject that this cooperation and coordination does not exist. They point out that Air fields are utilized jointly, wherever practicable; other facilities where available are utilized jointly; developments are restricted to absolute necessities; training and other facilities are separated only to the extent necessary to care for immediate needs; and that storage and overhaul facilities are utilized only for the immediate service of the peacetime operating forces.

The officers in charge of the study reported that further studies should be made to insure and facilitate the extension of the present practice as to joint use of facilities, interchange of ideas and the thorough coordination of effort between the two services with a view to effecting maximum economy and maximum efficiency.

Specific study, they said, should be made of the practicability of the joint use of the depot and maintenance facilities.

The investigators held that a separate unified Air Corps, coordinate with the Army and Navy under a Department for National Defense, would further complicate coordinated administration, would materially decrease the efficiency of the forces provided for National Defense, and would materially increase their cost as shown by actual expense of Great Britain and France in which the total cost of the Air Forces now approaches the total cost of the Army or the Navy.

Admiral Riggs to Engage in Narcotic Research—Rear Adm. Charles E. Riggs, MC, USN, retiring Navy Surgeon General, has been designated Vice-President for the New World of the Narcotic Defense Association, it was revealed here this week. Admiral Riggs, recently relinquished his duties as Surgeon General of the Navy and Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, but will not be placed on the retired list until next fall when he retires for age. During the interim before his retirement, the Admiral expects to confer with officials of the International narcotic prevention organization and perhaps take over some of his future duties. Next week, Admiral Riggs will attend the 17th Annual Clinical Session of American Colleges of Physicians at Montreal, and on his return will stop over at the offices of the Association in New York City.

During his service with the Navy in the Orient, Admiral Riggs became much interested in experimentation with cures and antidotes of various drugs, and will have charge of the research work of the Association along this line.

Liquidation of Advances to Naval Officers—The Judge Advocate General of the Navy has recently construed Article 1802 (5) of Navy Regulations governing the liquidation of advances of pay to officers as follows:

"An officer with allotments in force and in whose case an advance of pay has been authorized may, under Art. 1802 (5), N. R., be permitted to liquidate such advance within six months at a monthly rate of not less than one-sixth of the amount advanced.

"If allotments in force will prevent liquidation of an advance within the prescribed period of six months, the disbursing officer carrying the accounts of the officer concerned is required to take such steps as may be necessary for stoppage of allotments which would otherwise preclude liquidation of the advance within said period of six months.

"The present language of Art. 1802 (5), does not contemplate that unobligated accruals of pay shall be checked against an advance of pay, though such accruals may be checked for that purpose is assented to by the officer concerned.

"An officer with no allotments in force may, under the present provisions of said Art. 1802 (5), draw an advance of pay and liquidate the same in six monthly installments, being entitled during such period of six months to draw in cash each month, if otherwise entitled thereto, his regular monthly pay less one-sixth of the amount previously advanced."

American Aircraft Engines—Preference for American built aircraft engines abroad is further demonstrated in the statement of Guy W. Vaughan, President of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation, that 138 Wright aircraft engines have been exported since July 1 to various foreign countries in Asia, Europe, and South America. Mr. Vaughan also reports definite orders for 34 additional engines through export channels, with other orders pending, which are expected to increase the quantity on order to more than 50 before the end of the year.

An analysis of total number of engines exported by the Wright Company to date shows that models of the Whirlwind series continue to be the most popular abroad. A total of 75 engines or 55% of the engines exported by the Wright Company since July 1, were of the Whirlwind type. The destination of the majority of the Whirlwinds exported were South American countries who received 25 Whirl-

winds of 250 H.P., 20 Whirlwinds of 420 H.P., and 2 Whirlwinds of 330 H.P. In addition 6 Whirlwinds of 330 H.P. were exported to Turkey to be used in transport ships while 4 Whirlwinds of 250 H.P. went to China. Deruluft, a joint German-Russian air line operating between Berlin and Moscow recently took delivery on 26 Whirlwinds of 365 H.P. Orders have been received for 6 Whirlwinds of 420 H.P., 12 Whirlwinds of 330 H.P., and two Whirlwinds of 250 H. P. comprising a total of 21 engines which will be exported within the next two months.

Ex-Cavalryman Returns to Service With Three Sons—Last week William H. Gordon, who previously served six years in the cavalry, walked into the recruiting station at Richmond, Va., with his three sons. All four were enlisted in the Regular Army. While the enlistment of brothers in the service is not a rare event it is unusual for father and sons to be enlisted at one time. The sons are 18, 19 and 21 years of age, while the father is 40. The youths were sworn in by Lt. Charles V. Barnum, Cav., DOL, assistant recruiting officer for the Richmond District. The boys have been members of the 111th Field Artillery, Virginia National Guard, for some time.

Japanese Fleet Maneuvers—It is a matter of great national moment that the Japanese Admiralty has announced that its fleet maneuvers will be held in the vicinity of the South Pacific Islands held by the Japanese Government under mandate from the League of Nations. This is accepted as an answer to the continuance of the entire American Fleet in the Pacific Ocean. The mandated islands have been put in a condition for naval use, according to the reports current in Washington, and are equipped to serve as aviation and submarine bases. In spite of Japanese denials, it is said that fortifications have been prepared, and great secrecy thrown around all military and naval activities. In case of an American-Japanese conflict, the vicinity of the proposed Japanese maneuvers doubtless would be the scene of naval operations. As the mandated islands lie on the route from the United States-Hawaii-the Philippines, the announcement that the Japanese maneuvers will be held near them is a matter of interest in naval circles.

Discontinue Navy Schools—A course of instruction in Sound, lasting eight weeks, to the curriculum of the Radio Materiel School at the Naval Research Laboratory, Bellevue, effective Jan. 1, 1933.

On May 1, 1933 the Class "B" Sound Schools at the Training Station, San Diego, California, and the Submarine Base, New London, Connecticut, will be discontinued and the training of Listeners will be turned over to the Commanding Officers of the ships equipped with Sound. No more men will be sent to these schools after March 15, 1933.

Protect Records of Enlisted Men—The Chief of Staff has approved a change in paragraph 28, AR 345-125, whereby upon transfer in future of an enlisted man, no transcript of Company punishment will be forwarded to his new station. The soldier's record of company punishment will be filed in his old organization. In a recent change to paragraph 2b, AR 600-10, it is prescribed that minor offenses committed by officers when brought to their attention and properly corrected need not be noted on their records and will be considered as closed incidents. The War Department is very properly protecting the records of officers and enlisted men. The requirement that records of trivial offenses committed by enlisted men, often during the early period of their training, follow them to organizations to which they are transferred, is believed to be unnecessary and undesirable. It cannot but cause prejudice in the minds of their new commanders. By the approved change in paragraph 28, AR 345-125, the saving in paper work will be material.

The Chief of Finance, following the policy of the Chief of Staff to reduce paper work and prevent duplication of effort, has rescinded Finance Circular No. B-20, wherein Corps Area and Department Finance officers are directed to maintain a record of procurement authorities issued to activities within the territorial limits of their areas or departments. These records are maintained in the Office of the Chief of Finance, as well as by the various procuring officers authorized to obligate funds. This will result in the elimination of monthly reports to Corps Area Finance officers of expenditures made by Disbursing Officers against the various procurement authorities. Considerable correspondence on this subject which has heretofore passed between the Chief of Finance and Corps Area Finance Officers will also be eliminated.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 457)

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. S. O. FUQUA, C. of Inf.

Capt. Albert D. Foster, detailed as instructor, Inf., Calif. NG, Sacramento, Calif., on completion present tour of foreign service in Philippine Dept. (Jan. 28.)

Coy. Harold D. Coburn, now sick in Walter Reed General Hospital, Wash., D. C., from duty in Panama Canal Dept., attached to 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; on relief from treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital proceed to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas. (Jan. 28.)

1st Lt. Warren A. Robinson, assigned to 38th Inf., Ft. Douglas, Utah, on completion of present tour of foreign service in Panama Canal Dept. (Jan. 30.)

Capt. Theodore J. Sledge, now en route to U. S. from foreign service in Hawaiian Dept., from assignment to 25th Inf., Camp Harry J. Jones, Ariz., assigned to 18th Inf., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y. (Jan. 30.)

Capt. Stuart Cutler, assigned 28th Inf., Ft. Ontario, N. Y., on completion present tour foreign service in Philippine Dept. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. Merl L. Broderick, assigned to 16th Inf., Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y., on completion tour of foreign service in Philippine Dept. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. Joseph H. Burghelm, from 3rd Inf., Ft. Snelling, Minn., proceed to N. Y. C., report May 1 to officer in charge, port of embarkation for mothers and widows making pilgrimage to cemeteries of Europe, for duty as his assistant. (Jan. 31.)

1st Lt. Walden S. Lewis, from Hawaiian Dept., assigned to Inf. of 2nd Div., Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo. (Feb. 1.)

1st Lt. Carlisle C. Dusenbury, from student of Japanese language, Tokyo, Japan, assigned to 30th Inf., Pres. of S. F., Calif.,

proceed to Manila, P. I., sail Mar. 11 for S. F., Calif. (Feb. 1.)

1st Lt. Robert H. Soule, from student of Chinese language, Peiping, China, assigned to Vancouver Bks., Wash., proceed to Chingwangtao, China, sail Mar. 17 for S. F., Calif., proceed to Vancouver Bks., Wash. (Feb. 1.)

Maj. Joseph J. O'Hare, from assignment as military attaché, Havana, Cuba, from detail as acting Gen. St. officer, Apr. 6, assigned to 18th Inf., Ft. Slocum, N. Y. (Feb. 2.)

Maj. Herbert M. Poll, from duty with 10th Inf., Ft. Thomas, Ky., May 25, detailed as member of GSC, assigned to Gen. St. with troops; proceed to Ft. Hayes, Ohio, report 5th C. A. for duty. (Feb. 2.)

Lt. Col. Thos. N. Gimpelring, from duty as instructor, NG, Lansing, Mich., assigned to Havana, Cuba, proceed to Wash., D. C. Mar. 6, report C. of S. for temporary duty in his office not to exceed 15 days, upon completion of which proceed to Havana, Cuba, report American Ambassador for duty as Military Attaché. (Feb. 2.)

Lt. Col. Chas. A. Thuis, from detail in IGD; from duty at hq. 6th C. A., Chicago, Ill., Apr. 28, detailed member of GSC, assigned to Gen. St. with troops. (Feb. 2.)

(Continued on Next Page)

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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. B. D. FOULLOIS, C. of AC
1st Lt. Rowland Kleburts, station hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., proceed to home, await retirement. (Jan. 30.)

Lt. Col. Jacob W. S. Wuest, from duty as assistant military attaché for air to Sweden and Denmark, report by letter to American ministers of Stockholm, Oslo and Copenhagen for duty as mil. attaché to Sweden, Norway and Denmark. (Jan. 30.)

Maj. Martin F. Scanlon, from duty as assistant military attaché for air, London, England, May 25, proceed to Scott Fld., Ill., report for duty. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. John W. Monahan, from duty at Kelly Fld., Tex., assigned to station at London, England, proceed to Wash., D. C., report Apr. 13 to C. of S., for temporary duty in office of Assistant C. of S. G-2 for ten days, on completion of which proceed to London, England, report American military attaché for duty as assistant mil. attaché for air. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. Donald L. Bruner, detailed for duty with OR, 5th C. A., in addition to other duties, on return to duty at Wright Fld., Ohio, from Walter Reed General Hospital, Wash., D. C. (Jan. 31.)

Capt. Martinus Stenseth, from detail in Militia Bureau, May 17, assigned to Mitchell Fld., L. I., N. Y. (Feb. 1.)

Capt. Wm. C. Goldsborough, from Randolph Fld., Tex., assigned to Scott Fld., Belleville, Ill. (Feb. 1.)

2nd Lt. J. E. Golden, from detail in AC; from Randolph Fld., Tex., assigned to Inf. of 2nd Div., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. (Feb. 1.)

FURLOUGHS

Col. Wm. S. Brown, 6 days, Feb. 8. (Jan. 28.)

1st Lt. Wm. M. Lanagan, AC, 10 days, Feb. 1. (Jan. 28.)

Col. Alfred T. Smith, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2, five days, Feb. 1. (Feb. 1.)

Col. Irvin L. Hunt, GSC, five days, Feb. 7. (Feb. 1.)

Lt. Col. Lloyd B. Magruder, GSC, three days, Feb. 6. (Feb. 1.)

Maj. Matthew J. Gunner, GSC, 15 days, Feb. 4. (Feb. 1.)

Capt. Will R. White, QMC, one month, upon arrival in the U. S. (Feb. 1.)

Capt. Frank W. Guno, CE, one month, upon arrival in N. Y. (Feb. 1.)

ORDERS TO ENLISTED MEN

The travel by air performed by St. Sgt. Kay H. Gilreath, 76th Service Squadron, AC, from Rockwell Field, Calif., to March Field, Calif., thence to Griffith Park, Calif., and return to Rockwell Field, from Jan. 19 to Jan. 20, while on an authorized mission, during which time it was necessary to make a forced landing at Alhambra, Calif., on account of weather conditions, is confirmed as necessary in the military service, the urgency having been such as to prevent the issuance of orders in advance. (Jan. 30.)

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN
Mr. Sgt. Sterling A. Jeffers, QMC, placed on retired list at Ft. Lewis, Wash., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 27.)

Mr. Sgt. Edward Theurich, Inf., placed on retired list at Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 30.)

1st Sgt. Peter C. Tatro, CAC, placed on retired list at Ft. Amador, C. Z., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 30.)

Mr. Sgt. Arthur L. McCarthy, Inf., placed on retired list at Ft. Williams, Me., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 30.)

Mr. Sgt. Samuel F. Elliott, Inf., placed on retired list at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 30.)

St. Sgt. Matthew Wilson, QMC, placed on retired list at Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 30.)

1st Sgt. Harry W. Wright, Cav., placed on retired list at Cavalry School, Ft. Riley, Kans., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 30.)

Mr. Sgt. Wm. Childress, Cav., placed on retired list at Cavalry School, Ft. Riley, Kans., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 31.)

Tech. Sgt. Murat A. McGehee, Med. Dept., placed on retired list at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., Jan. 31, sent to home. (Jan. 31.)

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. Jack Stomp, assigned to duty at Aq. 1st C. A., Boston, Mass., on completion present tour foreign service in Hawaii. (Feb. 2.)

ORGANIZED RESERVES

Maj. J. E. Warren, MI-Res, to active duty, Mar. 12, at Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., for purpose of pursuing a course of instruction for Reserve officers at Command and General Staff Sch. (Jan. 28.)

Lt. Col. Walton Brooks, Inf-Res, to active duty, Mar. 11, proceed to Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., Mar. 12, for purpose of pursuing a course of instruction for Reserve officers at Command and General Staff Sch. (Jan. 30.)

Maj. R. L. Duncan, Sig-Res, to active duty, Feb. 25, at Ft. Monmouth, N. J. (Jan. 31.)

1st Lt. C. S. Bailey, Spec-Res, to active duty, Feb. 6, at Wash., D. C., office of

Asst. Sec. of War. (Jan. 31.)
Maj. Ray Perkins, MI-Res, to active duty, Feb. 5, at Office of C. of S., G-21, Washington, D. C. (Feb. 2.)
2nd Lt. DeForest O'Dell, MI-Res, to active duty, Feb. 5, at Office of C. of S., G-2, Washington, D. C. (Feb. 2.)

OBITUARIES

Maj. Gen. George Collins Rickards, the first Chief of the Militia Bureau, died Jan. 15, 1933, at his home at Oil City, Pa. He was 72 years old.

Following the adoption of the National Defense Act in 1920, which created the Militia Bureau to administer National Guard affairs headed by national guardsmen, General Rickards received the appointment as the first Chief. He retired as Chief in 1925, having completed his four-year term.

General Rickards had a distinguished military record with the Pennsylvania National Guard, in whose ranks he completed 40 years of service.

When President Woodrow Wilson called out the National Guard for duty on the Mexican border General Rickards sold his private business and prepared to give the remainder of his life to his country. For this conduct in the World War he was cited for heroism and recommended for the Distinguished Service Cross. He suffered shell wounds in 1918 while commanding the 56th Brigade of the 28th Division in the Argonne.

General Rickards was one of the ten major generals who acted as pallbearers at the funeral of President Harding. He was also a pallbearer at the burial of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington National Cemetery.

As Chief of the Militia Bureau General Rickards laid down the vital policies that have meant so much to the continuous growth of the National Guard in the United States. He was an ardent believer in the strength of the National Guard to meet any eventuality.

Capt. John J. Hannigan, USA-Ret, died as a result of wounds, at Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1933.

Captain Hannigan was formerly attached to U. S. M. D. of Engineers at West Point and served as a captain of the 59th Infantry Hq. Co., 4th Division, Regular Army. He was retired in May, 1920, for disability in line of duty.

Surviving are his widow, Mrs. Cecelia Hannigan, and a son, Vincent J. Hannigan.

Burial and military rites, was in his home town, Highland Falls, N. Y., below West Point where Captain Hannigan spent most of his life.

Rear Adm. William Henry Hudson Southerland, USN-Ret., died Jan. 30 at his home in the Carlton Hotel, Washington, D. C., after a ten day illness. He was 81 years old.

Admiral Southerland was born in New York July 10, 1852, and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1869 by the President. After two years at sea on the USS Portsmouth as an apprentice seaman, he served on a number of the famous old sailing ships of the service, including the U. S. Frigate Constellation and the USS Hartford.

In the Spanish-American War he commanded the U. S. gunboat Eagle, which aided in blockading Cuban ports, and was instrumental in capturing three prize vessels. From 1890 to 1904 he served as hydrographer of the United States, and then commanded the USS Cleveland. Later he commanded the USS New Jersey, attended the Naval War College at Newport, R. I., and in 1909 became a member of the Naval Retiring Board in Washington. The next year he was named president of the board to inspect Naval Shore Stations.

Just prior to his retirement in July, 1914, upon reaching the statutory retirement age, then 62 years, he commanded the Second division of the Pacific Fleet and was commander-in-chief of the Pacific Fleet during 1912 and 1913. His last service was as a member of the General Board of the Navy.

Admiral Southerland was a first cousin of Adm. Hugh Rodman, USN-Ret., who commanded the American battleships with the British Grand Fleet during the war.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mary Rodman Southerland, and two daughters, Mrs. Butler Wright, wife of the American Minister to Uruguay, and Mrs. Louis Bacon of Boston.

Funeral services were held at the Church of the Covenant, Washington, D. C., February 2, with interment in Arlington National Cemetery.

Mrs. Charles F. Williams, widow of the late Col. Charles Fremont Williams, USMC, died at the home of her son, Col. Charles Fague Williams, USMC, Marine Barracks, Mare Island, Calif., January 31.

Mrs. Williams had made her home with her daughter and son-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. John M. Ellicott, USN, at Mare Island, since leaving Washington two years ago.

Burial will be at Arlington National Cemetery.

Back up your leaders! Keep abreast of legislative maneuvering. The Journal will do the reconnaissance. Subscribe now.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

BORN

BRUNER—Born at the Columbia Hospital, Columbia, S. C., Jan. 24, 1933, to Capt. Allan P. Bruner, USA, and Mrs. Bruner, a son, Allen Preston, III.

FUNK—Born at Quintard Hospital, San Diego, Calif., Jan. 16, 1933, to Lt. Frederick Funke, jr., USN, and Mrs. Funke, a daughter.

GRUBBS—Born at Schofield Barracks, T. H., Dec. 6, 1932, to 1st Lt. Hayden Y. Grubbs, FA, USA, and Mrs. Grubbs, a son, Brandt Fox; grandson of Col. Alfred Brandt, Inf., USA, and of Mrs. Jenny Grubbs, Junction City, Ky.

HIGGINS—Born at Shanghai, China, Dec. 18, 1932, to Capt. M. E. Higgins, MC, USN, and Mrs. Higgins, a son, Montgomery.

HOFFMAN—Born at Coronado, Calif., Jan. 18, 1933, to Lt. Charles M. E. Hoffman, USN, and Mrs. Hoffman, a son.

JOHNSON—Born at the Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., Jan. 20, 1933, to Lt. W. G. Johnson, Inf., USA, and Mrs. Johnson, a son, Wendell Gunner, jr.

JONES—Born at the Station Hospital, Ft. Benning, Ga., Jan. 23, 1933, to Lt. Lincoln Jones, jr., and Mrs. Jones, a son, Lincoln, III.

MULKEY—Born at Ft. De Lesseps, C. Z., Jan. 17, 1933, to Lt. Dwight L. Mulkey, USA, and Mrs. Mulkey, a daughter.

SEITZ—Born at Ft. Snelling, Minn., Jan. 7, 1933, to Lt. J. F. R. Seitz, USA, and Mrs. Seitz, a son, John Francis Regis Seitz, jr.

SHOCKLEY—Born at the Station Hospital, Ft. Sill, Okla., Dec. 28, 1932, to 1st Lt. Philip M. Shockley, QMC, USA, and Mrs. Shockley, a daughter, Joyce Philippa; granddaughter of Col. M. A. W. Shockley, MC, and Mrs. Shockley.

STRAUSS—Born Jan. 18, 1933, to Lt. Elliott B. Strauss, USN, and Mrs. Strauss, a daughter.

WOOD—Born at Ft. Mills, P. I., Sept. 8, 1932, to Lt. (jg) Robert Winthrop Wood, USN, and Mrs. Wood, a daughter, Sheridan Winthrop; granddaughter of Brig. Gen. S. W. Wood, USA-Ret, and Mrs. Wood, and Col. Frederick L. Dengler, CAC, USA, and Mrs. Dengler.

MARRIED

ARTHUR-GRIFFITH—Married at St. John the Baptist Episcopal Church, San Juan, Porto Rico, Jan. 18, Miss Mary Eva Griffith, daughter of Lt. Col. Edwin J. Griffith, USA-Ret, and Mrs. Griffith, to Mr. Russell Edwin Arthur.

DAVIDSON-RAGUET—Married at the home of Lt. Comdr. W. A. Heard, USN, and Mrs. Heard, Long Beach, Calif., Jan. 24, 1933, Miss Helen Raguet, daughter of Comdr. Edward C. Raguet, USN, and Mrs. Raguet, to Lt. (jg) John F. Davidson, USN.

DAY-DODSWORTH—Married at Short Hills, N. J., Jan. 27, 1933, Miss Gertrude Dodsworth to Mr. Clive Cameron Day.

brother of Capt. Breckenridge A. Day, USA.

DENTY—AKERS—Married at Ellicott City, Md., Jan. 23, 1933, Miss Mabel Lee Akers to Ens. Samuel L. Denty, USN.

HEBDEN-TINGLE—Married at Governors Island, N. Y., Jan. 14, 1933, Miss Josephine Regina Tingle, daughter of Maj. Clarence H. Tingle, QMC, USA, and Mrs. Tingle, to Mr. John Forster Hebdén.

LEWIS-ARMSTRONG—To be married today at Christ Episcopal Church, Indiana, Pa., Miss Patty Armstrong, daughter of Mrs. Theiss, wife of Comdr. Paul S. Theiss, USN, to Mr. David Norman Lewis.

MENOHER-KNOX—Married at the Church of the Messiah, Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1933, Miss Gladys Sprague Knox to Lt. William Menoher, USA.

ROBINSON-GHERARDI—Married at All Saints Church, Chevy Chase, Md., Jan. 28, 1933, Miss Neville Taylor Gherardi, daughter of Rear Adm. Walter Taylor Gherardi, USN-Ret, and Mrs. Gherardi, to Mr. Christopher Robinson, jr.

DIED

BAKKEN—Died at Berkeley, Cal., Dec. 23, 1932, Capt. Henry Morris Bakken, USA-Ret.

BRADY—Died at Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 27, 1933, Mrs. Joseph C. Brady, mother of Mrs. W. A. Mitchell, wife of Col. W. A. Mitchell, USA.

DAY—Died at Bournemouth, England, Jan. 19, 1933, Mrs. W. F. Day, widow of Rear Adm. W. P. Day, USN-Ret.

FLAHERTY—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Jan. 25, 1933, Mr. Sgt. Joseph A. Flaherty, USA.

FUREY—Died at the Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C., Jan. 27, 1933, Lt. Edward William Furey, USN-Ret.

GRAFFIN—Died at Germantown, Pa., Jan. 23, 1933, Anne Michel Graffin, wife of Mr. Lincoln Graffin and mother of Lt. E. D. Graffin, CEC, USN.

HANNIGAN—Died at Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1933, Capt. John J. Hannigan, USA-Ret.

HAWKINS—Died at Washington, D. C., Jan. 29, 1933, Mrs. Annie Gray Hawkins, wife of Maj. Gen. Hamilton S. Hawkins, USA.

HUGHES—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Jan. 21, 1933, Maj. James B. Hughes, USA.

KNIGHT—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Jan. 17, 1933, St. Sgt. Floyd S. Knight, USA.

LOWES—Died at the Methodist Hospital, Peoria, Ill., Jan. 13, 1933, Mrs. Louis Gaudreux Lowes, wife of Lt. Ralph C. Lowes, jr., USNR, class of 1920, U. S. Naval Academy.

McLELLAN—Died at Newburyport, Mass., Jan. 25, 1933, Comdr. Charles Hugh McLellan, USCG-Ret.

McMILLAN—Died at Chicago, Ill., Jan. 24, 1933, William R. McMillan, brother of Mrs. Marion McMillan Smith, wife of Col. Reuben Smith, Inf., USA, father of Mrs. Helen McMillan Monroe, wife of Lt. Hammond M. D. Monroe, Inf., USA.

SCHATTELES—Died at Presbyterian Hospital, New York City, N. Y., Jan. 29, 1933, Cadet Lt. Col. Woodrow Arthur Schatteles, of the ROTC of the College of the City of New York.

STEWART—Died at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., Jan. 26, 1933, Mrs. Olive M. Stewart, wife of Capt. J. M. Stewart, Inf., USA, Vancouver Barracks, Wash. Burial in National Cemetery, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

TRUTE—Died at West Los Angeles, Calif., Jan. 18, 1933, Mr. Sgt. James M. Trute, MC, USA-Ret; stepfather of Mrs. MacDonald, wife of Lt. Col. James T. MacDonald, USA-Ret; Mrs. Ostermann, wife of Ch. Musician Wm. Ostermann, USA-Ret; Mrs. Thos. W. Leary and Mr. William Donnelly, of Troy, N. Y.

VENESS—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Jan. 17, 1933, St. Sgt. Edwin T. Veness, USA.

WILLIAMS—Died at the home of her son, Col. Charles F. Williams, USMC, Marine Barracks, Mare Island, Calif., Jan. 31, Mrs. Charles F. Williams, widow of the late Col. Charles Fremont Williams, USMC.

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Personals

Maj. Gen. John L. Hines, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Hines arrived at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., Jan. 20, where they were the week-end guests of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Troup Miller. General and Mrs. Hines have returned recently from an extended visit to European countries and for the past month have been visiting their daughter at Fort Omaha, Nebr., wife of Capt. J. R. D. Cleland, AGD. While at Fort Omaha they attended the marriage of their son, Lieutenant J. L. Hines, Jr., who is a student officer at the Cavalry School at Fort Riley, Kansas.

While at Fort Leavenworth, General and Mrs. Hines were the recipients of many social attentions, among which was a tea given by Major General and Mrs. Stuart Heintzelman. General and Mrs. Hines found many old friends among the officers and their wives at Fort Leavenworth and had a very enjoyable time renewing their old friendships.

General Hines gave a very interesting talk to the officers of the Command and General Staff School on the relation of the school to the Army and the part the school played in the World War.

General and Mrs. Hines left Fort Leavenworth Jan. 22 for St. Augustine, Florida, where they will spend the remainder of the winter with Mrs. Hines' sister.

Following is a list of officers who sailed from Honolulu on the USAT Republic, Jan. 25, 1933.

Col. Jay W. Grissinger, MC.
Majors Cyrus W. Haney, QMC; Frank C. Rideout, Chap.; Elmer S. Tenney, MC; Francis J. Toohy, CAC.

Captains Hubert B. Bramlet, CWS; Byron T. Burt, AC; Jesse W. Penn, Inf.; Oscar R. Rand, JAGD; Winfield S. Robertson, FA; Glenn A. Ross, QMC; Paul B. Rupp, Chap.; James A. Sanders, QMC; Lucas E. Schoonmaker, CAC; Edwin S. Segard, MC; Raymond G. Sherman, Inf.; Theodore J. Sledge, Inf.; Walter M. Tenney, FA; Mordaunt V. Turner, QMC.

1st Lieuts. Wm. M. Creasy, Jr., CWS, Ralph W. French, QMC; Crump Garvin, Inf.; Eugene M. Link, FA; Harry E. Magnuson, CAC; Colby M. Myers, CE; James M. McMillin, CWS; Wm. E. Vecqueray, QMC.

2nd Lieuts. Francis H. Boos, Inf.; Robert E. L. Choate, AC; Frederick R. Dent, Jr., AC; Douglas G. Dwyre, FA; Francis E. Fellows, FA; Robert H. Kelly, Inf.; Walter E. Kraus, FA; John D. F. Phillips, FA; John F. Wadman, Inf.; Richard D. Wentworth, Inf.; Layton A. Zimmer, CAC; Helen Adams and Lettie H. Moore, ANC; Ruth J. Riggs, ANC.

War Officer Frank W. Wickett, USA.
Following on leave status: Capt. Clifford V. Morgan, MC; 2nd Lt. Foster C. Townsend, AC-Res.; Hospital Class; Capt. Percy S. Lowe, CAC.

Two receptions instead of the usual four will be held at the White House this season. In announcing the revision of the social schedule, interrupted by the mourning period for former President Coolidge, it was said that there will be a Congressional reception on Feb. 18, and a Departmental reception on Feb. 25. The Army and Navy will take part in the latter reception.

Maj. William R. Blair, Officer in Charge, Signal Corps Laboratories, Fort Monmouth, and 1st Lt. W. H. Wenstrom,

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

ANNOUNCEMENTS of Personals, Entertainments, Engagements, Weddings and births should be addressed to the Society Editor, Army and Navy Journal, 1701 Connecticut Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Signal Corps, instructor in The Signal School, attended a lecture given by Professor Auguste Picard in New York Jan. 26. Major Blair and Lieutenant Wenstrom also attended a dinner given in honor of Professor Picard, under the auspices of the Institute of Aeronautical Research.

On the Inaugural Ball Committees are the following service men:

Arrangements—Brig. Gen. Wm. E. Horton, Chairman; Brig. Gen. Pelham D. Glassford, Brig. Gen. Hugh Matthews, and Adm. Ridley McLean.

Decorations—Adm. H. V. Butler, Chairman, and Lt. Col. James Ulio.

Floor—Adm. W. A. Moffett, Chairman, Maj. Gen. Geo. V. H. Moseley.

Advisory—Adm. Mark Bristol.

Maj. Gen. Frank R. McCoy was greeted by a thirteen-gun salute from the batteries of Ft. Jay when he paid a courtesy visit to Maj. Gen. Dennis E. Nolan, commanding the Second Corps Area, Jan. 27, at Governors Island.

General McCoy, who was a member of the Manchurian Commission and at present is under orders to command the First Cavalry Division at Fort Bliss, Texas, was met at the Governors Island ferry by Col. Joseph A. Marmon, commanding officer of Ft. Jay, and escorted to General Nolan's headquarters.

Col. W. W. Foster, VD, DSO, Western A. D. C. to the Governor General of Canada and residing in Vancouver, B. C., spent several days last week visiting Mr. and Mrs. Albert MacCarthy at Carvel Hall, Annapolis, Md., before going to Detroit to attend the National Convention of Contracting Engineers of which Association he is the Western President.

Comdr. and Mrs. Carlton Kear, USN, spent Sunday at Carvel Hall with their son, Midshipman Kear of the Third Class, U. S. Naval Academy.

Weddings and Engagements

Mrs. George Robert Pomeroy of Bala-Cynroed, Pa., announces the engagement of her daughter Marlon Adelaide to Mr. Robert Frederick Oliver, son of Capt. Frederick Oliver, USN, and Mrs. Oliver of Washington. The wedding will take place Feb. 11, in the home of the bride's mother in the presence of only members of the two families and intimate friends, owing to the recent death of the bride's father.

Mr. Oliver is with the Academy of Natural Sciences in Philadelphia and with his bride will reside at 115 Maple Avenue at Bala. He is a nephew of Comdr. Smith Hempstone, USN, of Washington.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. A. McAllister announce the engagement of their daughter Betsy to Lt. (Jg) James T. Hardin, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Hardin of Sulphur Springs, Tex.

The wedding will take place in the Spring.

The bride-elect attended the Mary Baldwin Seminary at Staunton, Va., and is one of the most popular members of the younger set in Washington. Lieutenant Hardin graduated from the Naval Academy in 1929. He is at present stationed at Annapolis.

Maj. and Mrs. Henry A. Grimm of Windsor, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter Carlotta, to Ens. Arthur S. Wardwell of Washington.

Miss Grimm and Ensign Wardwell met while students at the University of Vermont. Miss Grimm was graduated from the university in 1931, while her fiancé received his degree the preceding year. She is a member of Kappa Delta Sorority.

Ensign Wardwell, while at college was elected to Phi Beta Kappa Honorary



MRS. WILLIAM MENOHER
Who was before her marriage to Lieutenant Menoher, USA, January 28 at Brooklyn, N. Y., Miss Gladys Sprague Knox.

Scholastic Society. He is at present connected with the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey department in Washington. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Patty Armstrong, daughter of Mrs. Theiss, wife of Comdr. Paul S. Theiss, USN, has selected February 4, as the date of her marriage to Mr. David Norman Lewis, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Lewis, of Indiana, Pa. The ceremony will take place in Christ Episcopal Church in Indiana.

Miss Frances Virginia Waggaman, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Ennalls Waggaman, and Miss Ann Page, of Washington, will be bridesmaids, and Miss Katherine Blair, of Indiana, will be maid of honor.

Miss Neville Taylor Gherardi, daughter of Rear Adm. Walter R. Gherardi, USN, and Mrs. Gherardi, and Mr. Christopher Robinson, of Ottawa, son of Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Charles Robinson, of Toronto, were married Jan. 28 in All Saints Episcopal Church, Chevy Chase, Md., the Rev. Dr. Henry Teller Cocke officiating. The bride wore the wedding gown of her grandmother, the late Mrs. Harry Taylor, wife of the late Rear Admiral Taylor, USN.

Mrs. Walter Rockwell Gherardi, jr., was matron of honor and the other attendants were the Misses Cornelia Szechenyi, daughter of the Minister of Hungary, and Countess Loszlo Szechenyi, Miss Anna Lodge Minot, Princess Leonide Ourossoff and Miss Alice Graeme. The bride's two nieces, Lillia Rockwell Gherardi and Florence Neville Gherardi, were the flower girls.

Mr. A. Bruce Matthews, of Toronto, was best man, and the ushers were Mr. Walter Rockwell Gherardi, jr., Mr. Taylor Gherardi, Mr. Hopewell Darnelle, Mr. Bruce Howe and Lt. W. V. Saunders, USN, all of Washington, and Mr. Francis Almirall, of New York.

Mr. Robinson and his bride left later in the day for a wedding trip, and after February 20, will make their home in Ottawa.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. John A. McAllister announce the engagement of their daughter, Betsy, to Lt. James T. Hardin, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Hardin, of Sulphur Springs, Tex.

The wedding will take place in the Spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Groebler, of

Yonkers, N. Y., have recently announced the engagement of their daughter, Edna Groebler, to Cadet Edward T. Ashworth, son of the Rev. Thomas Ashworth, and Mrs. Ashworth, of Butte, Mont.

The wedding is to take place in June.

Mrs. Rudolph Eppie, has recently announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ann Rhoda Bubendey, to Mr. Arthur B. Proctor, son of Capt. A. R. Proctor, USA, and Mrs. Proctor, of Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

An informal wedding of interest was read in Long Beach, Calif., Jan. 24, uniting Miss Helen Raguet, daughter of Comdr. Edward C. Raguet, USN, and Mrs. Raguet, and Lt. (Jg) John F. Davidson, USN. Rev. Perry G. Austin read the service which took place in the home of Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William A. Heard with only close friends attending.

Miss Raguet was given in marriage by Adm. Luke McNamee and Miss Suzanne Rule of Coronado, Calif., was maid of honor. Lt. (Jg) George W. Ashford, USN, of Coronado served as best man.

The bride is a graduate of Holton Arms in Washington, D. C. Lieutenant Davidson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Perry A. Davidson of Waring, Pa., was graduated from the Naval Academy in the class of 1929 and is stationed aboard the USS Arizona.

The young couple will make their home in Long Beach following a motor honeymoon.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Pineo, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. D. W. Pineo of Hood River, Ore., to Ens. Doyle M. Coffee, USN, is scheduled for Feb. 22 at Long Beach, Calif.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Gwendolyn Dickinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Dickinson of San Diego, Calif., to Ens. John E. Lee, USN, attached to the USS Decatur.

Col. and Mrs. E. Kearsley Sterling take pleasure in announcing the marriage of Mrs. Sterling's niece, Helen Denslow Post of Hartford, Conn., to Capt. Eugene N. Frakes, USA, stationed at Schofield Barracks, T. H.

They were married Jan. 2 at the home of Mrs. Frakes' cousin, Mrs. C. Morgan Aldrich, in Hartford.

Mrs. Frakes' sister, Miss Josephine Post, was her maid of honor, and C. Morgan Aldrich, was best man. Mr. Russell Lee Post, the bride's brother, gave her in marriage.

Captain and Mrs. Frakes are now at home at Schofield Barracks, T. H.

Women's Organizations

Washington, D. C.—The Washington Chapter of the Daughters of the United States Army will meet at a luncheon at the Kennedy-Warren, February 7. The Social Committee are Mrs. L. M. Grant, Mrs. Beale Bloomer, Mrs. T. P. Wykoop, Mrs. Z. L. Drolinger, Miss Lilla La Garde.

Hostesses for the day are Miss Mary Allen, Mrs. Harriet Bonnycastle Butts, Mrs. Morris K. Barroll, Mrs. De Rosey C. Cabell, Mrs. William J. Calvert.

Enters Textile Organization

Col. Frederick H. Payne, the assistant secretary of war, it was announced this week, will after March 4 become president of Southeastern Cottons, Inc. The organization is a new one with Howard E. Coffin, of Sea Island, Ga., as chairman of the Board of Directors.

ATTENTION NAVY

The owners of Carvel Hall at Annapolis, Maryland, announce that they have regained possession of their property and are now operating it under their own personal management. The hotel has been reconstructed and every effort is being made to restore its old style comfortable homelike qualities.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

Feb. 2, 1933

Col. E. M. Watson entertained informally at luncheon Monday at the Carlton, where he is spending the winter. His guests included Rear Adm. Cary T. Grayson and Mr. Harry A. Roosevelt, son of the President-elect.

Brig. Gen. Charles E. Kilbourne, assistant chief of staff of the United States Army, was the speaker at the last meeting of the Political Study Club. Civil Service Commissioner Jessie Dell introduced him.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Cyrus W. Cole spent the week end with Lt. and Mrs. Earle Kincaid at their home in Annapolis.

The Second Squadron of the 306th Cavalry will give a dinner in Washington Feb. 11. The Secretary of Commerce and Mrs. Roy Chapin and Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone will be the honor guests. The patrons are Col. and Mrs. John Philip Hill and Maj. and Mrs. Gary P. Eppley.

Appointment of Capt. W. W. Galbraith, USN-ret, as a member of the board of directors of Columbia Hospital was announced this week by the District Commissioner.

Comdr. and Mrs. Albert C. Read were week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. H. H. Old in Annapolis.

Commodore and Mrs. M. B. DeMott were the week-end guests of Maj. and Mrs. M. B. Willett at Edgewood Arsenal.

Mrs. Hellen Mills Harney, widow of the late Benjamin S. Harney, sculptor, grandson of Gen. Selby Harney, is visiting Washington on tour around the world.

The Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Frederick H. Payne will have their daughter at Vassar, with them for the week end. She is Miss Carolyn Payne, who is a student will arrive in the Capital Friday.

Col. Allen M. Smith, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Smith, who make their home at the Martinique, have gone to St. Petersburg, Fla., and will return to Washington sometime in April.

Lt. Gouverneur H. Parrish, USMC, and Mrs. Parrish, have arrived in Washington from Nicaragua and are at the Martinique.

Col. John O'Neill, USA-Ret., will spend several weeks at the Martinique after leaving Walter Reed Hospital this week.

Capt. S. A. Day, USA, and Mrs. Day, of Ft. Bragg, N. C., were recent guests of the Martinique in Washington, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Edith Day.

Mrs. Steever, widow of the late General Edgar Z. Steever, USA, has taken an apartment at the Martinique for an indefinite stay.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

Feb. 3, 1933

Lt. William Steiner, USMC, Mrs. Steiner and their son have gone to Pensacola, Fla., after a visit to Mrs. Steiner's parents, Professor and Mrs. Joseph M. Purdie, of Murray avenue.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Cyrus W. Cole, of Washington, were week-end guests of Lt. and Mrs. Earle Kincaid at their home on Southgate avenue.

Mrs. Louis Stone, of Yonkers, N. Y., is the guest of her son and daughter-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Hamilton Stone, of Eastport.

Commodore Edward Lloyd and Mrs. Lloyd entertained at luncheon recently at their home, The Brice House Wing, in honor of Col. William W. Foster, D. S. O., of Vancouver, B. C., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert McCarthy at Carvel Hall.

The other guests were Mrs. C. Erskine Clement and Mr. and Mrs. Albert McCarthy. Colonel Foster was a member of the Mount Logan Expedition of 1925, and is now a leader of mountaineering in Canada. He saw service throughout the World War.

Last week end Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Harvey E. Overesch entertained at their quarters on Bowyer Road for Comdr. and Mrs. Elroy L. Vanderkloot, Comdr. and Mrs. Turner Joy and Lt. and Mrs. Felix Johnson. Saturday evening Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Overesch gave a supper party for 18 guests.

The French Club met at the residence of Mrs. C. Erskine Clement. The president of the club is Mme. William Darden, wife of Professor Darden. A play was given in French and acted by Mrs. C. Erskine Clement and Mrs. Molton A. Colton. French recitations were given by the young daughter of the hostess, Miss Catherine Clement, and tea was served, with Mrs. Thomas C. Hart, wife of Rear Admiral Hart, presiding.

Mrs. Louise Adams Clement, sister-in-law of Mrs. Clement, of Washington, motored to Annapolis for the meeting of the French Club.

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WYANDOTTE, MICHIGAN

POSTS and STATIONS

Among the young officers who have been ordered to the Naval Academy recently are Lt. Robert B. Ellis and Lt. Diggs Logan.

Comdr. and Mrs. Albert C. Read, of Washington, were the week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. Edward H. H. Old at their quarters on Porter Road. Capt. and Mrs. Old gave a luncheon for Comdr. and Mrs. Read.

Lt. and Mrs. Thomas G. Reamy had as guests last week Lt. and Mrs. James B. Carter, Miss Shirley Carter and Mrs. Reamy, of Washington. Lieutenant and Mrs. Reamy are residing in Eastport.

Comdr. and Mrs. Timothy J. Keleher, of Washington, were week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. Charles M. Omon at their quarters at the Naval Hospital reservation.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Edward L. Zane, of Nice, France, announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Betty Zane, to Lt. Ernest S. L. Goodwin, USN. The marriage took place Jan. 3 at St. Patrick's Church, Washington. Lieutenant Goodwin was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1925, and after the first of February Lieutenant and Mrs. Goodwin will be at home at 2310 Ashmead Place, Washington.

Professor and Mrs. Carroll S. Alden have issued invitations for a dinner, which they will give at their quarters next Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Zantinger, of Rockville, Md., will occupy Ogle Hall, the residence of Mrs. Mason Porter Cusachs, for the remainder of the session of the Maryland Legislature, of which Mr. Zantinger is a member.

Mrs. Merrill Holmes, formerly Miss Kitty Linthicum, of Annapolis, has departed to join Ens. Holmes at Long Beach, Calif. Mrs. Holmes has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Thomas J. Linthicum, of Green street.

Comdr. Paul Bastedo and Mrs. Bastedo were guests last week at Carvel Hall.

WEST POINT, N. Y.

Feb. 2, 1933

Lt. Merrow E. Sorley and Mrs. Sorley had as week-end guests Lt. Sorley's sisters, Miss Nancy Sorley and Miss Beth Sorley, of Philadelphia. Other guests were Lt. Arthur G. Trudeau and Mrs. Trudeau, of Leonia, N. J.

Lt. Charles R. Bathurst and Mrs. Bathurst had as guest for the week end Mrs. Bathurst's father, Mr. Clarence Halstead, of New York.

Lt. Standish Weston and Mrs. Weston had as guest at their home in Highland Falls Miss Little Dawson, who arrived Friday from Washington.

Mrs. Frederick A. Ramsey and her daughter Billie, of Washington, arrived at the post Friday to be the guests of Col. Chauncey L. Fenton and Mrs. Fenton.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Halliday, of Kew Gardens, L. I., arrived Saturday to be the week-end guests of Mr. Halliday's parents, Col. Frank W. Halliday and Mrs. Halliday.

Lt. Robert Gibbons Gard and Mrs. Gard have visiting them Capt. Loyd V. H. Durfee, of Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

Col. Harris Jones and Mrs. Jones have visiting them for the week end Mr. and Mrs. George W. Topf, of Garden City, L. I.

Last week's meeting of the Ladies Reading Club was held on Monday at the home of Mrs. Chauncey L. Fenton. The paper of the week, on book collecting, was read by Mrs. Charles M. Taylor. Mrs. Arthur B. Kinsolving talked on current events.

Lt. John M. Moore and Mrs. Moore returned to the post last week from New Jersey. They had been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Urner.

Lt. John L. Whitelaw and Mrs. Whitelaw returned to the post last week from Shrewsbury, N. J., where they had been guests of Gen. William S. Graves and Mrs. Graves for several days.

Guests of Maj. Harold M. Rayner and Mrs. Rayner last week were Mr. and Mrs. Lewis M. Borden, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Hohner, of Lake Constance, Germany.

Maj. Herbert A. Dargue and Mrs. Dargue, of Langley Field, Va., were the guests of Maj. Paul W. Baade and Mrs. Baade early last week. Major Dargue lectured to the cadets of the first class on Monday.

Lt. Joseph R. Burrill and Mrs. Burrill had as guests last week end Lt. Burrill's parents and sister, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Burrill, of East Orange, N. J., and Mrs. Herman Hyde, of West Orange, N. J.

Lt. Harris F. Scherer and Mrs. Scherer have visiting them for several days Lieutenant Scherer's mother and brother, Mrs. Laura H. Scherer and Mr. George F. Scherer, of Washington.

Recent guests of Col. Walter K. Willson and Mrs. Willson have been Mr. John Connor and Mr. John Gulick, both of the Staunton School, Cornwall, N. Y.

Lt. Wilbur R. Pierce and Mrs. Pierce left the post Friday for Maplewood, N. J., where

they were the week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alan Wood.

Miss Margaret Pegram Holt, of Staunton, Va., is the guest of her brother and sister-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. Henry Winston Holt.

Maj. H. Crampton Jones and his son, Mr. H. Crampton Jones, Jr., of Boston, were the guests last week of Major Jones' brother-in-law, Lt. Robert L. Howze, and Mrs. Howze.

QUANTICO, VA.

Jan. 31, 1933

Officers of the command and their wives met at the club Jan. 27 and bade farewell to their commandant, Gen. John H. Russell, and Mrs. Russell. General Russell has been detailed as assistant to the major general commandant and will assume his new duties at headquarters Feb. 1.

Mrs. Russell expects to make a 15-day cruise of the West Indies, sailing from New York Feb. 6 on the Vulcania. Her itinerary includes one day in Port au Prince, where she has many associations, due to the years she spent there when the general was high commissioner of Haiti.

Capt. and Mrs. D. E. Campbell have as their guest Mrs. Campbell's mother, Mrs. Hendricks, of Baltimore.

Col. and Mrs. Charles Lyman entertained General and Mrs. Russell at the club.

Mrs. Thomas Monroe of Philadelphia is visiting her sister, Mrs. Raymond Coffman.

Maj. and Mrs. Chester Gawne have left the post and expect to sail from Norfolk Feb. 8 for their new station in Shanghai.

Saturday they were guests of honor at dinner of Col. and Mrs. Charles Lyman and Monday Maj. and Mrs. Harold Parsons gave a dinner party in their honor, for which Maj. and Mrs. Thomas Thrasher motored from Washington.

Mrs. Charles Hobbs gave a bridge luncheon, when her guests were Mrs. Allen Simon, Mrs. A. T. Lewis, Mrs. Ery Spencer, Mrs. Maurice Gregory, Mrs. W. Warren Barnaby, Mrs. Carl Meigs, Mrs. Robert Yowell, Mrs. Fred S. Chappelle, Mrs. Willard Leutz, Mrs. William Sibley and Mrs. Emory Ozabal.

Lt. Hayne Boyden has been detached from the aircraft squadron and assigned to similar duty in Haiti. Lieutenant and Mrs. Boyden will sail from New York on the Cristobal.

Capt. and Mrs. John Martinstein and Lt. Harry Stadler spent the week end in Annapolis as guests of Maj. and Mrs. Charles Murray and Lt. and Mrs. Clayton Jerome.

Mrs. Murray and Mrs. Jerome returned with them Monday.

Lt. and Mrs. H. E. Mauldin recently arrived from Norfolk, Dr. Mauldin to relieve Lt. W. R. Burns, who has gone to the Naval Training Station in Norfolk for duty.

Miss Dorothy Larrick of Washington is the guest of Lt. and Mrs. Gale Cummings.

Capt. Harold Whitney and Lt. James Strothers, who recently arrived from Nicaragua, are living in Washington and Alexandria, respectively, due to the fact that all Government quarters are occupied.

Capt. Stuart O'Neill and his daughter Peggy have gone to Charleston, S. C., to visit Captain O'Neill's mother.

Mrs. Mary Collier has come from Washington and plans to spend the winter with her son, Capt. Eugene Collier, and his family.

Lt. and Mrs. Theodore Holdahl spent a few days recently in New York City.

Mrs. James Bishop of Washington spent Thursday with her niece, Mrs. Kenneth Chappell.

FT. HOWARD, MD.

Feb. 1, 1933

Capt. and Mrs. Elbert A. Nostrand and Miss Landon Reed, daughter of Col. Walter L. Reed, acted as hostesses at the monthly evening bridge at the Officers' Clubhouse.

Lt. and Mrs. Reed Graves have as their house guest Miss Margaret Langhorne Cobb of Blackstone, Va.

Maj. and Mrs. Carleton Coulter were hosts at a buffet supper held at their quarters Sunday evening, afterward taking their guests to the Post Theatre. Among their guests were Col. and Mrs. Walter L. Reed and Miss Landon Reed, Miss Elizabeth Blackford, Maj. and Mrs. Samuel Gibson, Maj. and Mrs. Wilmer Dreibeles, Capt. and Mrs. Louis DeS. Hutson, Capt. and Mrs. Francis P. Simpson, Lt. and Mrs. David H. Hardee, Lt. and Mrs. Kenneth C. Strothers, Lt. and Mrs. John R. Burns and Lt. and Mrs. Edwin H. Feather.

Maj. and Mrs. Carleton Coulter and Lt. Clifford Blackford will sail sometime in February for their new station in Hawaii.

Col. and Mrs. Walter L. Reed have as their house guest Mrs. Reed's sister, Miss Elizabeth Blackford, of Asheville, N. C.

Lt. and Mrs. John R. Burns are entertaining for Maj. and Mrs. Carleton Coulter on Friday evening.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

Jan. 29, 1933

Mrs. Richard H. Leigh, wife of Admiral Leigh, issued invitations Tuesday for a luncheon at the Pacific Coast Club, entertaining Navy and civilian friends.

Mrs. Alexander Mark Charlton, wife of Comdr. Mark Charlton, will leave Feb. 4 for a visit on a "rancho" in Durango, Mexico expecting to go on the latter part of the month to Mexico City and returning to her domicile in the Villa Riviera after the Easter holidays.

Miss Evelyn Standley, daughter of Vice Adm. and Mrs. William H. Standley, entertained recently at the Villa Riviera with a luncheon for members of the younger set. Those present were Mesdames Jerry Curtis South, Jr., A. E. Grove, Misses Isabelle Brumby, Penelope LeClair, Betty Beauregard, Louise Bruce, Susan Bradley, Florence Dell, Helen Raguet, Yvonne Moore and Ethel Bloch.

Forty invitations were issued for a smart tea when Mrs. Charles F. Moelich, Jr., of Manila, and her daughter, Mrs. J. Bennett Paschal, wife of Lieutenant Paschal, entertained in their home, 258 Argonne avenue, Tuesday from 4.30 to 6.30 o'clock, honoring Mrs. Hubert Esterly Paddock, wife of Lt. Comdr. Paddock. Three matrons assisting the hostesses were Mrs. George P. Lamont, Mrs. William R. Cooke, Jr., and Mrs. William J. Hart, Jr.

Mrs. Hubert Esterly Paddock with her daughter, Miss Mildred Paddock, left Friday by motor for Washington, D. C., where they will visit Mrs. Paddock's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Martin, at the Portner, going on to New York City to join Lt. Comdr. Paddock May 3, when the USS Pensacola arrives on the East Coast for dry-dock.

Among the farewell parties held for Mrs. Paddock was one recently given by Mrs. Joseph Baer, wife of Comdr. Baer, who entertained with a bridge luncheon in her home, 225 Termino avenue.

Lt. and Mrs. Paul Dugan (Mary Workman), whose marriage was a recent event in Los Angeles, issued 50 invitations for a tea just prior to the departure of the Fleets. Honor guest was Miss Isabel McCoy, fiancée of Harold Holmes Eaton, and the party was given in the Dugans' San Pedro home, where they had just returned following a trip to Bremerton while the California was in the navy yard for overhauling.

A delightful tea was given in farewell by Lt. Comdr. Joseph A. Tartre, DC, and Mrs. Tartre in their home, 340 Molina avenue, for 50 of their service friends.

Flowers in gay bowls decorated the candle lit home when Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William J. Hart, Jr., entertained with a bon voyage this past week with a tea for 125 service friends who called between 5 and 7 o'clock.

La Venta Inn was the scene of a delightful bridge luncheon given by Mrs. John S. Crenshaw, wife of Lt. Crenshaw, and her sister, Mrs. William Sterling Parsons, wife of Lt. Parsons.

Following a month's stay at the Villa Riviera Mrs. John B. Farrior, wife of Lt. Comdr. Farrior, MC, has gone to San Diego to join her daughters Mary and Jane, who are attending school there.

Leaving Long Branch Thursday by motor Ens. and Mrs. Elliott E. Marshall plan to visit Mrs. Marshall's family in Portland, Me., while the officer is on leave. Accompanying the couple are Mrs. John B. Hill, wife of 2nd Lt. Hill, USMC, who will visit in her home in Alabama, and Ens. Walter Hopkins, who will spend his leave at his home in Baltimore.

Mrs. Thomas B. Williamson, wife of Lt. Williamson, Mrs. Edward M. Condra, Jr., wife of Lt. Condra, have sailed for Honolulu to join their husbands during their stay in the islands. Mrs. Williamson will join her family and Mrs. Condra will visit service friends.

FT. MISSOULA, MONT.

Jan. 28, 1933

Mrs. Ben Stafford, who recently left the post to spend several months in Denver, was complimented at numerous affairs prior to her departure.

Capt. and Mrs. Myron Tupper entertained at their quarters at the post, complimenting Mrs. Stafford. A dinner was served at charmingly appointed tables at 7 o'clock, (Continued on Next Page)

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Posts and Stations

FT. MISSOULA, MONT.

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Covers being laid for Captain and Mrs. Tupper, Capt. and Mrs. Ben Stafford, Capt. and Mrs. Ely, Miss Ely, Miss Kinney, Maj. and Mrs. A. J. Treichler, Capt. and Mrs. Samuel Kohn, Capt. and Mrs. Thomas Wolfe, Captain Sutherland and Lieutenant Glatly. Cards were played.

Lt. and Mrs. A. E. Rothermich were hosts at their home on University avenue at an informal gathering given as a farewell for Mrs. Stafford.

Mrs. Ben Stafford was tendered another engaging farewell luncheon and bridge by Mrs. A. J. Treichler at Major and Mrs. Treichler's quarters at Ft. Missoula. Poinsettias and red tapers formed the lovely table decorations with covers being laid for Mrs. Treichler, Mrs. Stafford, Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. Samuel Cohn, Mrs. Ernest Ely, Mrs. Thomas Wolfe, Mrs. Myron Tupper, Mrs. Fred Rogers and Mrs. Joseph Stewart.

Pretty score favors were received by Mesdames Bartlett, Tupper and Ely. Mrs. Stafford was presented with a guest favor.

Officers and ladies of Ft. Missoula and of the city and other guests were delightfully entertained by Capt. and Mrs. Ernest Ely of the post at a merry sleighride which lasted until about 10 o'clock, with an informal dancing party and supper following. An excellent orchestra provided pleasing music for the dancing hours.

The list of invited guests included Maj. and Mrs. Walter Root, Maj. and Mrs. George Lambertson Smith, Maj. and Mrs. William Hays Hammond, Maj. and Mrs. A. J. Treichler, Capt. and Mrs. Ben Stafford, Capt. Sutherland, Capt. and Mrs. Samuel Kohn, Capt. and Mrs. Myron Tupper, Capt. and Mrs. Joel Pomeroy, Lt. and Mrs. Joseph Stewart, Capt. and Mrs. Fred Rogers, Lt. and Mrs. A. E. Rothermich, Misses Dorothy Rogers, Natalie Kinney, Lenore Ely, Mr. and Mrs. Irvin L. Kohn, Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Ramaker, Mr. Harvey Elliott and Lieutenant Glatly.

Lt. and Mrs. Thomas Wolfe of Ft. Missoula were hosts at dinner at their quarters, when they entertained for Dr. and Mrs. R. E. Ramaker, Lt. and Mrs. A. E. Rothermich, Miss Natalie Kinney, Captain Sutherland and Lieutenant Glatly.

Following the dinner the hosts and their guests attended the ball given by Major and Mrs. Root at the Missoula Country Club.

Maj. and Mrs. William Hays Hammond entertained at a pleasantly appointed dinner at their quarters at Ft. Missoula.

The guests included Maj. and Mrs. A. J. Treichler, Capt. and Mrs. Samuel Kohn and Lt. and Mrs. Pahlke.

GREAT LAKES, ILL.

Jan. 30, 1933

Capt. Frank H. Roberts, USN, attached to the Century of Progress Exposition in Chicago, was the Navy's representative at a National Defense Night held under the auspices of Craftsmen Lodge No. 521, F. & A. M., in the banquet hall of the Masonic Temple in Detroit.

Captain Roberts spoke on the Navy and National Defense, using as his subject the quotation "Give Us Wisdom and an Understanding Heart."

Col. Russell C. Langdon, 2nd Inf., USA, was the representative of the War Department on this occasion, at which approximately 600 persons were present.

A group of officers of the Army and Navy and their reserve organizations were the guests of the Detroit Rotary Club on the occasion of a luncheon given at the Hotel Statler in Detroit. The principal speaker was Rear Adm. Wat T. Cluverius, USN, whose address was on the subject of "The Traditions of Leadership." Among the other service guests present were Col. Russell C. Langdon, 2nd Inf., USA; Comdr. Virgil J. Dixon, USN; Comdr. Richard T. Brodhead, USN-Res; Maj. George H. Brett, USA, and Capt. Charles H. Wilson, Inf., USA.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Wat Tyler Cluverius, Capt. and Mrs. John S. Abbott and Lt. and Mrs. George H. Dana were members of a box party at the performance of "The Song of a Flame" on Thursday evening, Jan. 26, at the Civic Opera House in Chicago, as the guests of the Chicago Operetta Company.

FT. HOYLE, MD.

Feb. 1, 1933

Col. and Mrs. Sherman Miles were dinner and theatre hosts Friday evening.

Capt. and Mrs. Severn T. Wallis entertained at dinner Jan. 24.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Ernest D. Scott were dinner and theatre hosts Thursday evening.

Maj. and Mrs. David E. Cain were dinner and theatre hosts Jan. 23.

Lt. and Mrs. John Mesick had as their week-end guest Mrs. Charles Thomas, of Baltimore.

Capt. and Mrs. Gordon G. Helner were dinner and theatre hosts Monday evening.

Capt. and Mrs. Henry P. Gantt had as their week-end guests Mrs. R. L. Taylor, of Washington, D. C., and Dr. Horstley Gantt, of Johns Hopkins University.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Brown were hosts at supper Jan. 22.

The officers and ladies of Ft. Hoyle participated in a paper chase recently, after which they were entertained at breakfast by Lt. and Mrs. Martin Burckes.

SAN DIEGO, CALIF.

Jan. 28, 1933

Capt. Nathan W. Post, USN, was a recent host at an attractive dinner party on board the USS Detroit. Guests included Rear Adm. and Mrs. H. E. Yarnell, Capt. and Mrs. H. L. Kelley, Capt. and Mrs. H. P. Perrill, Capt. and Mrs. R. A. Theobald, Capt. and Mrs. W. L. Friedell, Capt. and Mrs. John Hoover, Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Allen, Comdr. and Mrs. P. V. H. Weemes, Comdr. C. M. Elder and Mrs. W. M. Crose.

The U. S. Frigate Constitution, in command of Comdr. Louis J. Guilliver, USN, arrived in San Diego Jan. 21 for a stay of three weeks. The commander was in great demand as a speaker at service club luncheons and at banquets. He was guest of honor, together with Lt. Comdr. Henry Hartley, at a luncheon given at the Cuyamaca Club by civic leaders. He occupied a seat at the speakers' table at a banquet given by local members of the Society of Mayflower Descendants in honor of Governor-General and Mrs. Boyd from New Jersey. At an Advertising Club luncheon he told of the tour of "Old Ironsides," and he also spoke before the Knights of Columbus and other bodies.

Lt. Col. Arthur L. Bump, USA, and Mrs. Bump, from Ft. Meade, Md., who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Bellows on Point Loma, have gone to Los Angeles for a month's stay.

Brig. Gen. William E. Gillmore, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Gillmore arrived from San Francisco Thursday and are guests at the Hotel Embassy.

The Army and Navy Club enjoyed a dancing party Thursday evening, with the members appearing in costumes of several generations ago. Hostesses were Mesdames Charles B. Gatewood, George Moore, Abner Pickering, Richard V. Dodge, Roland W. Boughton, Isaac Gill, J. H. Frier, C. K.

LaMotte and Stewart Kendall.

Miss Fredericka Brown, daughter of Lt. Comdr. James A. Brown, (MC) USN, and Mrs. Brown, who is attending Pomona College, has been the guest of her parents.

Lt. Carl H. Bushnell, USN, and Mrs. Bushnell motored to Phoenix, Ariz., for a few days' stay the past week. Mrs. Bushnell's parents have returned to Los Angeles.

Col. Daniel W. Hand, USA, who has been down from San Francisco for a tour of inspection, was honor guest Wednesday evening at a dinner and bridge party at which Capt. Lesley E. Spencer, USA, and Mrs. Spencer were hosts.

Capt. and Mrs. James P. Schwerin, USMC, entertained with a luncheon at Agua Caliente in honor of Lt. and Mrs. Harry E. Dunkelberger, USMC, as a farewell courtesy before the latter leave for Quantico, Va. Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Frederic L. Bradman were also hosts at a dinner party at their quarters at the Marine Base in honor of Lt. and Mrs. Dunkelberger.

Col. Oren B. Meyer, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Meyer, now residing at 3532 Fourth Avenue, are entertaining with a series of dinner parties at their home.

Mrs. John E. Lewis, wife of Lt. Comdr. Lewis, USN, was hostess at a luncheon Friday at her home in honor of Mrs. Frederick J. Baker of Michigan and Florida.

Lt. (jg) William H. Beers, USN, and Mrs. Beers were hosts at a bridge party this evening, followed by a midnight supper at their home.

A bridge-ten was given Thursday afternoon by Mrs. Crutchfield Adair, wife of Lt. (jg) Crutchfield, USN, at her home in Coronado in honor of Mrs. Kenneth Craig, who, with her husband, Lt. Craig, USN, has recently joined the naval set here.

Miss Emily Fenton was hostess at a miscellaneous shower and bridge-luncheon Thursday afternoon in honor of Miss Helen Healy, whose wedding to Ensign William W. Lowrey, USN, is scheduled for Feb. 25.

Several affairs have been given as farewell events in honor of Lt. and Mrs. Eugene Hayden Price, USMC, who sail soon from San Francisco on the transport Republic for Quantico, Va. Hosts have included Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Otto A. Brown (MC), USMC, and Mrs. Otto E. Bartoe, wife of Capt. Bartoe, USMC.

Mrs. Theodore C. Lonnquist, wife of Lt. Comdr. Lonnquist, USN, was hostess this afternoon at a luncheon at the Coronado Country Club.

Comdr. and Mrs. Frederick C. Sherman, USN, entertained this evening with a buffet supper in honor of Miss Jane Jessop, their niece. Later the guests were taken to Hotel del Coronado for dancing.

Miss Marion Glaesner, who has been visiting her uncle and aunt, Rear Adm. and Mrs. William T. Tarrant, USN, at Long Beach, motored down with friends Tuesday and has been houseguest of Capt. Charles M. Tozer, USN-Ret., and Mrs. Tozer at their Coronado home.

FT. MOULTREE, S. C.

Jan. 31, 1933

Mr. Wesley G. Busbee, of Chicago, was the guest of his mother, Mrs. E. S. Busbee, and his sister, Mrs. H. O. Swindler, last week end.

Mrs. L. L. Gregg and her daughter, Miss Beth Gregg, were the guests of Capt. and Mrs. Ashley Spencer Le Gette for a few days last week. Mrs. Gregg is the wife of Col. L. L. Gregg, who is stationed in Jacksonville, Fla.

Col. G. M. Allen and Maj. Ralph C. Holliday motored to Columbia last Monday, where they were guests of Brig. Gen. James C. Dozier at the Rotary Club. General Dozier is the Adjutant General of South Carolina. On their return they spent Tuesday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. William Christian at the Highland Park Hotel, in Atlanta.

Capt. and Mrs. Walter F. Mullins left during the early part of last week for Washington, D. C., where they will spend a short leave.

Capt. and Mrs. Frank F. Becker entertained informally last Tuesday evening with a supper at home. Those enjoying Captain and Mrs. Becker's hospitality were Maj. and Mrs. Fletcher D. Rhodes, Capt. and Mrs. Eugene H. Sleeper, Lt. and Mrs. Frederick R. Keeler and Mrs. Becker's mother, Mrs. Alameda. After dinner Captain and Mrs. Becker and their guests attended the Post Theatre.

Maj. and Mrs. A. A. McDaniel have at their house guests Mr. and Mrs. Melvin E. Rattray and their son, Melvin, Jr., of Wagon, N. C. They will be here until Monday.

Capt. and Mrs. L. G. Garner, of Ft. Holbrook, Md., arrived on the post last Friday to spend a few days with Lt. and Mrs. H. E. Beine.

A dance was held at the Post Gymnasium last Friday night for the officers and ladies of the post. The hosts and hostesses for the evening were Maj. and Mrs. Everett Blackshear, Capt. and Mrs. Frank F. Becker and Capt. and Mrs. D. M. Ellis.

Lt. and Mrs. H. E. Beine and Lt. and

(Continued on Next Page)

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Posts and Stations

FT. MOULTRIE, S. C.

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Mrs. Thomas R. Aaron entertained Friday, Jan. 27, at a lovely dinner given on the Isle of Palms. Their guests for the evening from the garrison were Maj. and Mrs. Octavius De Carre, Maj. and Mrs. A. A. McDaniel, Maj. and Mrs. F. D. Rhodes, Capt. and Mrs. Daniel M. Ellis, Capt. and Mrs. Claude M. Adams, Capt. and Mrs. A. Spencer Lettice, Capt. and Mrs. Frank F. Becker, Capt. and Mrs. Eugene H. Sleeper, Capt. and Mrs. Charles S. Johnson, Lt. and Mrs. Thomas T. Mayo, Lt. and Mrs. Howard R. Perry, Miss Dorothy Holliday and Lt. David H. Armstrong and Lt. Thomas B. Spratt. Guests who were visiting the post or who came over from Charleston were Capt. and Mrs. Garner, of Ft. Holabird, Md.; Capt. and Mrs. A. P. McGee, of the Citadel, Charleston; Lt. and Mrs. James W. Freeman, of the Ordnance Depot, Charleston; Lt. Charles K. McAllister, of Ft. McPherson, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. John R. Lancaster, of Owensboro, Ky., and Mr. and Mrs. Melvin H. Battray, of Wilson, N. C. After dinner Lt. and Mrs. Beine and Lt. and Mrs. Aaron returned with their guests to the post, where the party attended the dance at the Post Gymnasium.

Another enjoyable dinner prior to the dance was the one given by Lt. and Mrs. Moses Alexander in their quarters on the post Friday evening. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. Gilbert M. Allen, Capt. and Mrs. Henry O. Swindler, Capt. and Mrs. Phillip A. Helmbold, Chaplain and Mrs. Commodore R. Watkins, Lt. and Mrs. Frederick R. Keeler, Lt. and Mrs. Wilson T. Douglas, Lt. and Mrs. William R. Woodward.

Col. and Mrs. Allen motored to Gainesville, Fla., on Saturday, where they are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Finley Cannon. Mr. and Mrs. Cannon have many friends at Ft. Moultrie, where they have visited many times in the past few years.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell B. Guerard, of Mount Pleasant are spending a few days with Capt. and Mrs. C. I. Whitehead at their home in Greenwood, S. C. Captain Whitehead was stationed at Ft. Moultrie before going to Greenwood, where he is professor of Military Science and Tactics at Bailey Military Academy.

The many friends of Mrs. Everard Blackshear, wife of Major Blackshear, will be glad to learn that she has recuperated from a case of influenza which has confined her to her quarters for some time.

NOFOLK, VA.

Feb. 3, 1933

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Beddoe were hosts at dinner this week at their home in Brunswick Park, Larchmont. Covers were laid for 14 and their guests included Capt. and Mrs. Frank E. Sellers, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. E. A. M. Gendreau, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Maurice S. Mathis, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Henry M. Stenhouse, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. James K. Gordon and Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles C. Tinsley. Bridge was played following the dinner.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Stanwix G. Mayfield, Jr., entertained at dinner followed by bridge on Wednesday evening at their home on Brandon Place, honoring Lt. and Mrs. A. Antrim, who are leaving soon for China, where Lieutenant Antrim has been ordered for duty. Lieutenant and Mrs. Antrim were guests of honor also at a party on Tuesday evening given by Lt. and Mrs. H. F. Glirich at their home in Cambridge Crescent. Dinner was followed by bridge and the other guests were Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Stanwix G. Mayfield and Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Robert B. Huff.

Comdr. and Mrs. Miles Refo entertained on Monday at a bridge luncheon given at their home in the Navy Yard in honor of their daughter, Miss Mildred Refo, a student at the College of William and Mary, who is spending the mid-term holidays with her parents. Miss Refo's guests numbered twenty.

Lt. and Mrs. C. R. Hoffercker entertained this week at their home on Shirley avenue at a surprise party in compliment to the birthday anniversary of Mrs. Hoffercker's mother. During the evening bridge was enjoyed and the guests were Capt. and Mrs. T. R. Debnam and a group of civilian friends numbering 18.

Comdr. and Mrs. Carl H. Abel and son, Herbert Abel, have returned to their home after spending several days in Wilmington, N. C., as guests of Comdr. Abel's sister, Mrs. J. O. Carr.

Lt. Comdr. Fritz Louis Sandoz, USN-Ret. and Mrs. Sandoz have taken an apartment in the Beachhome, at Virginia Beach.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. L. R. Brown have returned to their home in Algonquin Park from a visit to relatives in Rocky Mount, N. C.

Lt. Bradford Bartlett was host on Saturday night at the Norfolk Country Club at a dinner where covers were laid for eight.

Comdr. and Mrs. H. B. Kelly have returned to their home in Lochaven after a brief visit to friends in Washington and Annapolis.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Daniel M. Miller had as their week-end guests at their home at the Naval Base Lt. and Mrs. Paul E. Pihl of Washington.

Lt. and Mrs. Robert Wayne Adams, who have been visiting Mrs. Adams' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Armistead Borland, on Fairfax avenue, sailed Tuesday from New York on the SS Cristobal for Port au Prince, Haiti, where Lieutenant Adams has been ordered for duty.

Mrs. Alfred Pace Randolph, who has been spending some time in Panama with Lieutenant Randolph, is expected to arrive on Feb. 20 to visit her father, City Treasurer B. Gray Tunstall, at his home on Graydon avenue.

FT. DUPONT, DEL.

Jan. 31, 1933

The lull in social activities which followed the many holiday festivities has been broken by a variety of parties. Several dinners have been given and the officers and ladies are becoming actively interested in the bowling games which are held every Friday

evening. The group progresses to the quarters of some of the players at the close of the contest for refreshments. After last Friday's game Capt. and Mrs. Emery Nortner entertained.

Among the children who have been celebrating recent birthdays with parties are Katharine Whitaker, Janet Twichell and Danny and Peggy Simpkins.

Lt. Col. Lewis B. Watkins is on leave for a month, and he and Mrs. Watkins are spending the time vacationing in Florida. Mrs. Carl Meyer is also in Florida, where she will visit her family at Tampa for two or three weeks.

A carnival to raise funds for the Army Relief will be held at the Post Service Club.

Lts. Peter Rodyenko and George Smith, who were stationed here on reserve duty, entertained at a party given at the quarters of Maj. and Mrs. Douglas W. Cairns.

To initiate the new radio which has been installed at the Officers' Club an informal dance was held.

Mrs. Heath Twichell is having a Bowery Cafe dinner for all officers and ladies of the post in honor of Lieutenant Twichell's birthday.

Classes in fencing have been started by Major Cairns, who is instructing several of

the young officers.

Capt. and Mrs. Emery Nortner and Helmar Swenholt entertained at a party held at the latter's quarters. The Swenholt also had a number of people in to sing informally.

Lts. William Matteson and Marvin Thomas drove to New York City for the week end.

Among the dinners given recently were those of Lt. and Mrs. Albert Wick, Maj. and Mrs. T. B. Simpkins, Lt. and Mrs. Reginald Whitaker, Capt. and Mrs. C. Herbert Odeen and Capt. and Mrs. Emery Nortner.

Before the bridge club a dinner party was given by Capt. and Mrs. Helmar Swenholt. Captain and Mrs. Waugh also entertained at dinner in celebration of their twenty-fourth wedding anniversary.

FT. DOUGLAS, UTAH

Jan. 28, 1933

The Ft. Douglas Officers' Club held its regular monthly bridge-supper Friday, Jan. 20, 1933. Mrs. George Van Studdiford and Mrs. Herbert B. Powell acted as hostesses for the Club. Mrs. Paul C. Boylan, Mrs. Edward P. Passalacqua, Mrs. D. H. Casto and Mrs. J. L. Gillespie had high score.

(Continued on Next Page)

SCHOOL DIRECTORY

The Schools listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory, address them directly or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal, Department of Education.

ALABAMA

MARION INSTITUTE

Army and Navy College, Marion, Ala. Fully accredited junior college. Annapolis, West Point, and Coast Guard Coaching Courses. For information write Col. W. L. Murfee, Marion, Ala., Box M.

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MERCHANT MARINE



FINANCE

United States Shipping Board

Pursuant to a call issued by T. V. O'Connor, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, the National Committee on the Merchant Marine held its first meeting Jan. 30 in Washington to discuss the more pressing problems now confronting American shipping. Attacks recently launched, here and abroad, against the present system of Government building and operating aids, formed the principal subject of discussion. Other subjects included the relationship of the Navy and the merchant marine, the intercoastal service, cooperation with the United States Chamber of Commerce and other commercial bodies, and methods by which the public's interest in maritime affairs could be utilized to the best advantage.

By a unanimous vote a statement was issued by the Committee, an excerpt from which follows:

"Congress, as a measure of economy, has knowingly and purposely voted approximately \$20,000,000 a year for the maintenance and permanency of an adequate American merchant marine in private ownership in carrying out a national policy long since declared. It has decreed that the money shall be paid through mail contracts. Any attack upon those contracts now, in the midst of their guaranteed periods of operation, not only threatens the destruction of a great national industry which cost millions of dollars to establish, but is, in

fact, an attack upon the will of Congress itself.

"The Postmaster General, the Attorney General, and the Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the United States Shipping Board, each within their respective provinces, have passed upon these ocean mail contracts. If there is anything radically wrong with any particular contract it could well and adequately be taken up for correction by the same or succeeding executive heads of these administrative institutions of the Government."

By resolution of the main committee, Chairman O'Connor appointed the following subcommittee to make a further study of the shipping situation and report at a later date:

H. G. Smith, J. C. Rohlf, Dr. Thomas H. Healy, Col. A. B. Barber, Basil Harris, J. Caldwell Jenkins, Fred J. Gauntlett, E. H. Duff, R. D. Sullivan, John D. Reilly, Malcolm M. Stewart and J. F. Milliken.

Posts and Stations

FT. DOUGLAS, UTAH

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Mrs. Stephen W. Ackerman and her sister Miss Virginia Wright entertained thirty ladies at a bridge luncheon on Jan. 24. Table prizes were won by Mrs. Herbert L. Taylor, Mrs. Marshall H. Quesenberry, Mrs. Patrick J. Dodd, Mrs. Edward P. Passalunghi, Mrs. Egbert J. Buckbee and Mrs. Howard H. Reed.

CARLISLE BARRACKS, PA.

Feb. 1, 1933

Dr. Hubert Work, former cabinet member under Presidents Harding and Coolidge and National Republican leader in 1928, also a former President of the American Medical Association, was the guest of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Matthew A. DeLaney at their quarters Thursday, Jan. 26, to Monday, Jan. 30. During his stay Dr. Work and General DeLaney also spoke before the Law School students of Dickinson College in Carlisle. The regiment paraded in honor of Dr. Work Thursday at 5 P. M. After the parade General and Mrs. DeLaney entertained guests at tea in their quarters. Those who were there to meet Dr. Work were Lt. Col. and Mrs. Garfield L. McKinney, Lt. Col. and Mrs. M. C. Stayer, Maj. and Mrs. Frank S. Matlack, Capt. and Mrs. Roland T. Fenton and Capt. and Mrs. W. Harvey Kernan.

Mrs. G. I. Jones and Mrs. C. C. McCormack of Washington, D. C., visited friends on the post Tuesday, Jan. 24.

Lt. and Mrs. Paul E. Zuver returned to the Barracks last week after spending a two-week furlough visiting friends at Ft. Benning, Ga.

Capt. and Mrs. Crawford Sams drove to Philadelphia Sunday, Jan. 22.

Maj. Leslie D. Baskin drove to Washington Saturday, Jan. 28.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. M. Willis spent the past week end in Washington, D. C.

Lt. Frederic B. Westervelt, now attending the Basic Course at the Medical Field Service School, has been ordered to Carlisle Barracks for duty at the completion of his course.

The ladies of the post had a luncheon and bridge at the Officers' Club Tuesday, Jan. 24. The hostesses were Mrs. William E. Shambora and Mrs. James C. Bower. The tables were attractively decorated with yellow roses, snapdragons and yellow tapers. Those who attended were Mrs. M. A. DeLaney, Mrs. M. C. Stayer, Mrs. J. M. Willis, Mrs. James E. Baylis, Mrs. Charles LeBaron, Jr., Mrs. Charles B. Souder, Mrs. Charles B. Spruit, Mrs. Leslie D. Baskin, Mrs. Jacob L. Hartman, Mrs. John H. Hilldring, Mrs. W. Harvey Kernan, Mrs. M. W. Ransone, Mrs. Crawford Sams, Mrs. George D. Newton, Mrs. Arthur H. Thompson, Mrs. Paul E. Zuver and Mrs. Cecil Brooks.

Capt. and Mrs. C. P. Canby were week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. O. K. Niess.

FT. GEORGE G. MEADE, MD.

Jan. 30, 1933

Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Morgan, who had as their week-end guests Capt. and Mrs. Lee Hooper and Lee Hooper, Jr., of Washington, entertained with a dinner party before the hop Saturday evening. Besides their house guests those enjoying Captain and Mrs. Morgan's hospitality were Capt. and Mrs. Russell R. Loudon, Capt. and Mrs. J. Paul Lloyd, Lt. and Mrs. Robert F. Sink, Lt. Herbert Thatcher and Lt. Wm. B. Kunzig.

The hop last Saturday evening sponsored

by the 66th Infantry had as the entertainment committee Capt. Paul Steele, Barth R. De Graff and Clyde A. Lundy and Lt. Henry C. Burgess.

Plans are under way for a Carnival and Bazaar to be held for the benefit of the Army Relief on Feb. 28 in the Post Gymnasium. On Tuesday evening, Jan. 31, there was a meeting at the Officers' Club of those who will take part in its arrangement.

Mrs. Eugene J. Fitzgerald is the chairman of the committee, the other members being Col. and Mrs. William W. Taylor, Jr., Maj. and Mrs. Robert C. Brady, Mrs. Carl J. Adler, Maj. A. L. P. Johnson, Chaplain E. J. Griffin, Capt. Fitzgerald and Capt. W. A. Marsh.

At the evening duplicate bridge club held last Wednesday evening the couples awarded the prizes for high scores were Capt. and Mrs. Herman O. Lane, and Capt. Harry F. Hanson and Lt. Robert F. Carter; those coming in second were Mrs. Harry F. Hanson and Mrs. Robert F. Carter and Mrs. Carl J. Adler and Mrs. Ewing H. France. At the next meeting to be held Feb. 8 the Howell movement will be played.

Mrs. Thomas A. Reiner, who has been ill at the Walter Reed Hospital for the past month, has returned to her home on the post.

Those acting as hostesses for the ladies' afternoon bridge club on Tuesday were Mrs. James M. Petty and her mother, Mrs. F. W. Pease, also Mrs. J. Herman Osterman.

Army War College Class

War Department Special Orders are now being issued assigning the following Army officers as students at the next course of the Army War College, Washington, D. C.:

Infantry

Maj. E. M. Almond	Capt. J. H. Rustemeyer
Maj. O. M. Bradley	Capt. E. G. Lindroth
Maj. Sereno E. Brett	Capt. F. J. Heraty
Maj. W. E. Chambers	Lt. Col. J. M. Wainwright
Maj. P. W. Clarkson	Lt. Col. R. C. Richardson, Jr.
Maj. L. C. Davidson	Maj. R. I. Sasse
Maj. S. A. Gibson	Maj. S. V. Bingham
Maj. Isaac Gill, Jr.	Maj. R. W. Strong
Maj. L. B. Glasgow	Maj. E. N. Harmon
Maj. D. T. Greene	Maj. William Nalle
Maj. E. F. Harding	Maj. H. E. Miner
Maj. S. G. Henry	Maj. E. J. Dawley
Maj. C. H. Hodges	Maj. I. T. Wyche
Maj. A. F. Kingman	Maj. T. J. J. Christian
Maj. R. C. Macon	Maj. J. E. McMahon, Jr.
Maj. J. N. Peale	Maj. Clift Andrus
Maj. C. W. Ryder	Maj. L. E. Hibbs
Maj. C. E. Stadtman	Maj. C. E. Hurdiss
Maj. T. F. Taylor	Maj. R. W. Beasley
Maj. C. W. Thomas, Jr.	Maj. G. H. McCoy
	Capt. L. B. Hershey

Coast Artillery Corps

Lt. Col. J. S. Pratt	Maj. G. F. Moore
Lt. Col. Sanderford	Maj. C. W. Bundy
Jarman	Maj. D. D. Hinman
Lt. Col. A. Kimberly	Maj. J. H. Lindt

Air Corps

Lt. Col. J. E. Pirie	Maj. W. E. Lynd
Maj. Leslie MacDill	Capt. A. W. Brock, Jr.
Maj. Ralph Royce	Capt. C. L. Bissell
Maj. R. M. Jones	

Corps of Engineers

Lt. Col. U. S. Grant, 3d	Maj. J. E. Conklin
Maj. E. C. Kelton	

Signal Corps

Lt. Col. D. Olmstead	Capt. W. S. Rumbough
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Quartermaster Corps

Maj. A. R. Kimball	Maj. H. J. Lawes
Maj. R. A. Osmun	

Medical Corps

Maj. H. D. Porterfield	Maj. R. H. Duenner
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Ordnance

Lt. Col. E. McFarland	Faymonville
Maj. P. R.	Maj. R. L. Maxwell

Chemical Warfare Service

Maj. W. N. Porter	
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Adjutant General's Department

Lt. Col. J. A. Ullo	
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These officers will report for duty between Aug. 15 and 20, 1933.

Wins Savings Banks Prize

Annapolis, Md. — Midshipman David Robert Cumming, First Class, has been declared the winner of the National Association of Mutual Savings Banks prize. This prize consists of a check for \$100.00, and is presented to that midshipman of the graduating class for the best original essay on a theme relating to Thrift and Savings.

It will be presented at the Presentation of Awards Dress Parade next June Week.

Financial Digest

The Federal Reserve Board's condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in leading cities on Jan. 25 shows a decrease for the week of \$75,000,000 in loans, partly offset by an increase of \$39,000,000 in investments, decreases of \$46,000,000 in time deposits, \$23,000,000 in Government deposits and \$12,000,000 in reserve balances with Federal reserve banks, and increases of \$29,000,000 in net demand deposits and \$17,000,000 in borrowings from Federal reserve banks.

Loans on securities declined \$21,000,000 at reporting member banks in the Philadelphia district, \$16,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$40,000,000 at all reporting member banks. "All other" loans declined \$13,000,000 in the New York district, \$6,000,000 in the San Francisco district, \$5,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$35,000,000 at all reporting banks.

Holdings of United States Government securities increased \$24,000,000 in the New York district, and declined \$33,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$8,000,000 at all reporting banks. Holdings of other securities increased \$35,000,000 in the New York district and \$47,000,000 at all reporting banks.

Borrowings of weekly reporting member banks from Federal reserve banks aggregated \$76,000,000 on Jan. 25, the principal change for the week being an increase of \$11,000,000 at the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco.

Army Transport Sailings

USS Grant—Leave San Francisco Feb. 10, arrive Honolulu Feb. 16; leave Feb. 17, arrive Guam Feb. 27; leave Feb. 27, arrive Manila March 4; leave March 11, arrive Chinwangtao March 16; leave March 17, arrive Honolulu March 31; leave April 1, arrive San Francisco April 7; leave April 18, arrive Cristobal April 28; leave April 28, arrive New York May 4.

St. Mihiel—Leave New York Feb. 10, arrive Cristobal Feb. 16; leave Feb. 17, arrive Corinto Feb. 19; leave Feb. 19.

Republic—Leave San Francisco Feb. 4, arrive Cristobal Feb. 14; leave Feb. 15, arrive New York Feb. 21; leave Feb. 28, arrive Cristobal March 6; leave March 8, arrive San Francisco March 18; leave March 23, arrive Honolulu March 30; leave April 4, arrive San Francisco April 11.

Chateau Thierry—Arrive San Francisco Feb. 4; leave Feb. 8, arrive Honolulu Feb. 14; leave Feb. 18, arrive San Francisco Feb. 24; leave Feb. 28, arrive Cristobal March 10; leave March 11.

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We received a letter a few days ago from a Captain who had availed himself of the credit facilities of this bank, in which he said:

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AVERAGE SAVING FOR YEAR ENDING OCT. 31, 1932, WAS 41.5% OF COST IN RELIABLE STOCK COMPANIES.

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UNION TRUST COMPANY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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General MacArthur's Testimony

(Continued from Page 454)

abled during his active years to acquire a guaranteed right to a retired pay. This endures, after retirement, during his lifetime. As a direct effect of this system men of ability and character have been encouraged to enter the military profession. They have been able to look forward with entire confidence to an old age in which they and their families would be protected from want and privation.

The beneficial results of combining pay and retirement features for personnel in organizations where continuity of service is desirable or necessary are becoming universally recognized. Increasing numbers of municipalities and of industrial establishments are adopting this system, with many variations as to detail.

The bill now before you for consideration would make an officer's right to his previously earned retired pay dependent upon a contingency having no connection with public service. Specifically the purpose is to make him ineligible for retired pay provided he has an income in excess of \$3,000 per year, no matter what the source of such income. Incidentally the wording of the proposal is such as to make it susceptible to several interpretations.

In principle, at least, this is another case of repudiating the understandings and agreements this government has maintained with the retired officer during his entire period of active service.

The average pay of a retired officer is an exceedingly modest stipend. But in recent public discussions of the subject this fact has been pointedly ignored. Principal attention has been given to one or two individuals who occupy particularly prominent places in the public eye and who are also retired officers of the Army.

On the floor of the House General Pershing's annuity of \$21,500 has occasioned considerable comment. It has been my understanding that he was promoted by Congress to the permanent grade of "General of the Armies" in recognition of his outstanding services to the government during a world crisis. That rank has been attained by only four other officers in our entire history—Washington, Grant, Sherman and Sheridan. The pay for that position has been fixed by Congress at \$13,500 per year, together with such allowances as the President directs.

In General Pershing's case his allowances were fixed at \$8,000.

General Pershing's position as the pre-eminent American soldier of his generation is assured. He is the successor to our great military commanders of the past. As such he has been signally honored and substantially rewarded by the American people, a fact in which the Army has taken particular pride.

In the British army Douglas Haig occupied during the World War a position equivalent to General Pershing's in our own. For his services to his country General Haig was promoted to Field Marshal, a higher grade than any in our Army. At the close of the war he was awarded a bonus of approximately half a million dollars in the form of a trust fund, the income from which was to accrue to his family through a period of three generations. In addition to this annual income, which at 6 per cent amounts to about \$30,000, he received during his lifetime an annuity of \$8,700 a year. Beyond all this he was created an Earl of the Realm, and there accrued to him all the emoluments and perquisites going with that position.

On April 19th, last there were 2,650 retired officers of the Regular Army. Of these only 89 receive retired pay in excess of \$5,000 per year. All others receive from \$1,125 to \$4,500. More than 1,500 of the officers now on the list were retired because of disability incident to the service.

The annuities of all these officers have been reduced temporarily under the provisions of the Economy Act. All of them are subject to Federal and local taxation and with the exception of a small minority have no income whatsoever except for retired pay. No possible revenue can accrue to the family of a man in such circumstances after his own demise except from the insurance he has been able to carry during his lifetime. This is the principal reason that many of them seek some civil employment during their declining years.

Our retirement laws, probably more than any other single factor, are responsible for the high morale traditional in the Army and for the attraction of splendid types into the military service. I therefore regard it as particularly dangerous to enact legislation seriously and arbitrarily restricting the operation of this system, which has been in effect for nearly three quarters of a century. American soldiers have withstood many privations; have often been poorly paid, particularly in times of relative prosperity, and have served uncomplainingly under conditions of hardship and exposure. Through it all there never has been a question of their devotion to duty or of their efficiency in the government's service. A high sense of duty has carried them safely through every difficulty and discouragement, but any act of Congress which would be interpreted as a definite intention of emasculating the time-honored right of retirement would be an overwhelming blow to their enthusiasm and morale.

I urge that the two amendments affecting retirement and credit for length of service be stricken from this bill. To do so will not add one cent to the total sums now appropriated therefor. It is my earnest conviction that nothing else you can do will go so far toward preserving the efficiency and morale of the Army and of according justice to its officers. Their complete confidence in the definite commitments and promises of their government is the cornerstone on which rest their hopes for material happiness. Destruction of that confidence would be a tragedy to them and a serious threat to the efficiency and effectiveness of the Army of the United States. It would, indeed, break the backbone of National Defense.

Award Purple Hearts

The Surgeon General of the Army Maj. Gen. Robert J. Paterson, presented the Purple Heart to Col. Edgar W. Miller, MC, USA, and to Col. Phillip W. Huntington, MC, USA, at the graduation exercises at the Army Medical Center Jan. 27.

Both of the awards were in lieu of meritorious service citation certificates received during the World War.

SHIPS' MOVEMENTS, FEBRUARY

Tentative schedule of operations of Naval Forces for month of February.

BATTLE FORCE

Battleship Divisions
Pennsylvania, California, New York, Arizona, Oklahoma, Texas, West Virginia, Tennessee and Colorado, Feb. 1-6, San Pedro; Feb. 6-17, preparation for and engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Maryland, Navy yard, Bremerton, Wash. Mississippi and Idaho, Navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
New Mexico, Navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa. Nevada, Feb. 1-10, Bremerton Navy yard; Feb. 10-17, Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Cruiser Division Three

Milwaukee, Omaha and Cincinnati, Feb. 1-6, San Pedro area; Feb. 6-17, engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.
Concord, Feb. 1-5, enroute to San Pedro; Feb. 6-17, Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Carrier Division Two

Saratoga, Feb. 1-5, Hawaiian area; Feb. 6-17, enroute to San Francisco, engaging in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.
Lanzley, Dec. 1-5, San Diego; Feb. 6-17, engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Destroyers, Battle Force

Detroit (flagship), Melville, Altair, Alden, Broome, Chandler, Long, Hovey, Perry, Southard, Wasmuth, Trever, Zane, Tracy, Evans, Decatur, Litchfield, Dorsey, Elliott, Lea, Roper, Seward, Wickes, Philip, Trullitt, McLeish, Simpson, McCormick, Truxtun, Feb. 1-5, San Diego, Calif.; Feb. 6-17, engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 17-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Borlie, Dent, Rathburne, Waters, Talbot, Hulbert, Noa, Preble, Wm. B. Preston, at Mare Island, Calif.

Aaron Ward, Buchanan, Crowninshield, Hale, Feb. 1-6, Mare Island, Calif.; Feb. 7-17, at San Diego for Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Mine Squadron One

Oglala, Ramsay, Gamble, Montgomery, Breese, Tanager, Whippoorwill, Lark, based on Pearl Harbor, T. H., participating in Fleet Problem, Feb. 6-17.

Quail, based on Pearl Harbor, T. H.

SCOUTING FORCE

Augusta (flagship), Feb. 1-5, Hawaiian area; Feb. 6-18, enroute to San Francisco, engaging in Fleet Problem; Feb. 19-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Cruisers, Scouting Force

Vestal (repair ship), Feb. 1-21, Mare Island; Feb. 22-27, San Francisco, Calif.
Chicago, Chester, Louisville, Pensacola, Salt Lake City, Northampton, Feb. 1-5, Hawaiian area; Feb. 6-18, enroute to San Francisco, engaging in Fleet Problem; Feb. 19-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Marblehead, Trenton, Feb. 1-5, San Pedro; Feb. 6-18, engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Richmond, Feb. 1-6, San Pedro; Feb. 6-18, engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 19-28, enroute to Navy yard, Boston, Mass.

Destroyers, Scouting Force

Raleigh (flagship), Hopkins, Tattnall, Badger, Jacob Jones, Dobbin, Breckinridge, Barney, Biddle, Blakely, Herbert, Dickerson, Leary, Schenck, Feb. 1-5, San Diego; Feb. 6-18, preparation for, and engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-27, San Francisco, Calif.
Whitney, Feb. 1-21, Mare Island; Feb. 22-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Childs, Barry, Williamson, Twiggs, McFarland, Cole, Ellis, Dupont, Bernadou, J. F. Talbot, Navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

Gilmer, Navy yard, Mare Island, Calif.
Babbitt, Feb. 1-9, Newport, R. I.; Feb. 12-15, Charleston, S. C.; Feb. 18-28, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Dallas, Hatfield, Fox, Zane, Greer, Upshur, Tarbell, Yarnall, Lawrence, Sands, King.

Naval Construction Selection

The following officers of the Navy have been selected for postgraduate instruction in naval construction:

Ens. Richard K. Anderson, USS Richmond.

Ens. Ernest C. Holtzworth, USS Omaha.

Ens. Albert K. Romberg, USS Lexington.

Lt. (Jg) Charles E. Trescott, USS California.

Ens. Alexander C. Veasey, USS Richmond.

Two alternates were also named. They are: Ens. Ransom A. Pierce and Ens. John G. F. Prescott, both attached to the USS Saratoga.

Be prepared to help in the battle for National Defense. Keep informed through the Army and Navy Journal.

Humphreys, Feb. 1-6, Hawaiian waters; Feb. 6-18, engaged in Fleet Problem, enroute to San Francisco, Calif.; Feb. 19-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Mauley, Charleston, S. C.
Brooks, New York Navy yard.
Dahlgren, San Diego, Calif.

Carrier Division Two
Lexington, Feb. 1-5, Hawaiian waters; Feb. 6-18, Fleet Problem; Feb. 19-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Swan, Lapwing, based on Coco Solo, C. Z. Wright, Sandpiper, Teal, Feb. 1-5, San Diego, Calif.; Feb. 6-18, engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 19-27, San Francisco, Calif.

Training Squadron, Scouting Force
Wyoming, Feb. 1-15, Guantanamo Bay; Feb. 16-28, Galveston, Texas.

Arkansas, Feb. 1-6, San Pedro; Feb. 7-18, Fleet Problem; Feb. 19-27, San Francisco, Calif.
Reuben James, Bainbridge, New York, N. Y.

Tillman, Boston, Mass.
Taylor, Charleston, S. C.
Fairfax, Caxton, San Diego, Calif.

Hamilton, Navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
Goff, Feb. 1-8, Norfolk, Va.; Feb. 8-10, Richmond, Va.; Feb. 11-28, Washington, D. C.

SUBMARINE FORCE

Bushnell (flagship), San Diego, Calif., participating in Fleet Problem, Feb. 6-17.

R-4, R-6, R-10, R-11, R-13, R-14, New London, Conn.

R-13, Portsmouth, N. H.

R-3, Feb. 1-11, Portsmouth, N. H.; Feb. 12-28, New London.

Fagle 58, Washington, D. C.

Chewink, Mallard, S-10 to S-17, S-48, Canal Zone.

Beaver, Seagull, S-18, S-19, S-22, S-23, S-31, S-32, S-33, S-34, S-24, S-27, S-28, S-29, S-44, S-46, S-47, Argonaut, Feb. 1-28, based on San Diego, Calif., participating in Fleet Problem Feb. 6-17.

Widzeon, S-1, S-4, S-21, S-25, S-26, S-30, S-35, S-43, S-45, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

S-20, Mare Island, Calif.

Bonita, Bass, Navy yard, Mare Island.

Holland, Ortolan, Dolphin, Barracuda, Nautilus, Narwhal, San Diego, Calif., participating in Fleet Problem Feb. 6-17.

FLEET BASE FORCE

Train Squadron One

Antares (flagship), Bridge, Bobolink, Robin, Vree, Rail, Contocock, San Diego, Calif., for Fleet Problem Feb. 6-17.

Brazos, Feb. 1-6, Hawaiian waters; Feb. 6-17, enroute to San Diego, participating in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-28, San Diego, Calif.

Train Squadron Two

Argonne (flagship), Utah, Medusa, Relief, Algoma, Sonoma, Kingfisher, Partridge, Brant, Tern, Pinola, Gannet, San Pedro-San Diego area.

Cuyama, Feb. 1-3, San Diego; Feb. 13-14, Pearl Harbor; Feb. 24-28, San Pedro, Calif.

Neches, Feb. 1-5, Pearl Harbor; Feb. 6-17, engaged in Fleet Problem; Feb. 18-28, San Diego, Calif.

Arctic, San Diego, Feb. 1-2; Feb. 4-13, San Francisco; Feb. 13-17, Mare Island; Feb. 19-23, San Pedro; Feb. 24-28, San Diego.

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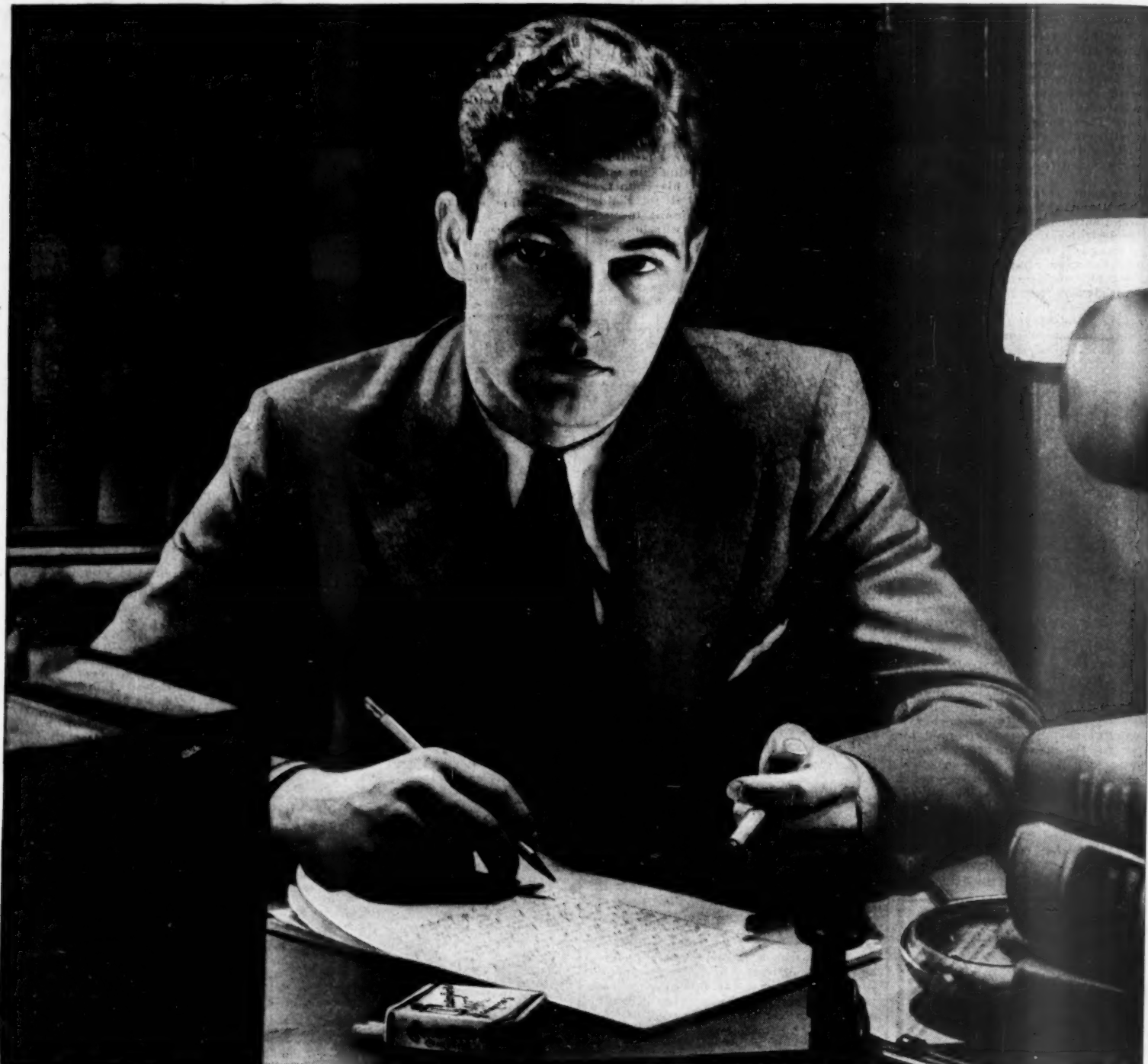
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